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-AGRETS-



AT THE GAERTTE OFFICE. NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Transport Pennsylvania Otis' Squadron

RECIMENT OF MONTANA LADS

All Volunteers – 300 Recruits for the First California-Welcome to Ship-Time of Feast

The transport Pennsylvania was sighted by the lookout about 3:30 yeswas not reported again until about 5 o'clock. A pilot put off a short time later and the Pennsylvania reached the dock at 7 o'clock.

The Pennsylvania 1-4. terday morning and the whistle was

co on the 19th. She sighted Molokai at 4:30 Wednesday afternoon, but not wishing to arrive at night slackened her speed and finally hove to. The transport brought a mail and papers. She has on board 1,030 men, comprising the First Regiment Montana Volunteers, and 306 recruits for the First

California, now in Manila. fic Mail wharf to receive the Montana boys. George W. Smith and Dr.

M. E. Grosman of the Direction of the Presidio. M. E Grossman of the Big Hundred formed the center of the group. As and the remainder were ashore last night, the steamer passed the lighthouse the Hawaiian band struck up the notes of "Star Spangled Banner." The Montana Regiment Band responded with the same. The bands then played al-

When the transport reached the dock a storm of fruit started from the shore. Whole bunches of bananas and hundreds of oranges and pineapples ternately. hundreds of oranges and pineapples Private A B Edler, a young man, when were thrown aboard Then pies were at home is a practicing attorney, with offices in the Commercial Block, Salt was bought out by Archie Glifillan. was bought out by Archie Gilfillan. The appearance of this article on board was hailed with delight by the A soldier with a pie in one men. hand and a piece of sausage a foot long in the other was among the sights

on board at that time. The Montana men fared well on the way down. For a day of two out there was a sign of short rations. The commanding officers overhanded the commissary department in short order, however, with the result that to port the men have had full regulation rations and arrived here healthy and religious and religious and arrived here healthy and religious and relig tions and arrived here healthy and strong The ship is very much over-

crowded, however. field and staff they are as follows:

Colonel Harry C. Kessler, commanding, of Butte; First Lieutenant Ben. E. Calkins, Regimental Adjutant, of Butte: Major James W Drennan, first battalion of Boseman; Major Byron H Cook, second battalion, of Helena; Major John R. Miller, third battalion. of Helena; First Lieutenant William B Hanna, adjutant first battallon, of Helena; First Lieutenant William Brown, adjutant second battalion, of Helena; First Lieutenant Louis P. Sanders, adjutant third battalion, of Helena: First Lieutenant Alfred Seadorf, Regimental quartermaster, of Butte; Major F. J. Adams, surgeon in chief; First Lieutenant Lou C. Bruning assistant surgeon; First Lieutenant Le Roy Southmaide, assistant surgeon; Colin S. Hall, regimental sergeant major; Charles W. Lane, regimental quartermaster sergeant; Robert H. Paxton, Edward H Charette and A. G Lindquest, hospital stewards, Harry Roberts, chief musician; Charles D. Tomlinson and Leon V

Alexander, principal musicians Company A-John E. Moran, captain, Charles French, first lieutenant; Clarence I. Boardman, second lieute-

Company B Charles Gardner, captain, William F McGrath, first lieu-

tenant; Joseph Corby, second lieutenant. Company C-James F. Keown, captain; John F. Mercer, first lieutenant;

William H Poorman, second lieutenant. Company D-George W Rief, cap-

tain; Charles W. Mead, first lieute-nant; Edward J Gainan, second lieutenant. Company E-Andrew Jensen, cap-

tain; F J Bird, first lieutenant; H C Rickards, second lieutenant.

Company F-William L. Hill, captain, Gustave T. Nickel, first heutenant. Adol' Keppner, second lieutenant.

Company G-Ellis W Wynne captain. Edgar S Paxson, first lieutenant, William B Knowlton, aecond lieutenant.

Company H-Frank E Green, captain; Samuel Hilburn, first lieutenant, Byron J McIntvre second lieutenant. Company I-Guy H Preston, captain, Edward A Foster, first lieute-

nant James W Craft second lieute-Company K-Thomas S Dillon captain, Jacob N Kennedy first lieute-

nant, Philip Greenan second lieutenant Company I.—Asa I. Duncan cap-tain Walter J. Bradshaw fire Yeutenant, Eugene S French second lieu-

tenant. Company M-John Hallahan, cap-

in charge of the 306 recru is of the First California, volunteers on board the Pennsylvania. Major Potter, a surgeon of a prior expedition, is a passenger on the boat. The fleet pymaster is also with the Pennsylvania. Major C. B. Cooper and Captain Paul Smith met the officers immediately and invited them to the pr.villeges of the Officers' Club. Colonel Soper and George W. Smith confirmed with Colonel Kessler respecting the reception to the men on the Executive building grounds. This will occur at non today. It will be carried out on precisely the same lines as past events of the kind.

NOTES.

Cross movement at this place His mission to Manila is a special detail and he will be there a considerable time Mr Resenthal will go into the field in the Philippines and until a financial master of the Society follows him from San Francisco, will have the handling of Red Cross funds at Manila and elsewhere in the Islands

Mr Rosenthal has a quantity of stores in the hold of the Pennsylvania and hau so se goods that could be reached readily. The stuff at hand was broken into and the supply has beer somewhat dimanished.

An appeal to the people of Honolulu is made by Mr. Rosenthal in the name of the Red Cross Society He wishes to make up the good that have been taken and to add to his store of canned goods, condensed milk, jellies, jams, preserves and other delicacies such as are not provided by the Government and such as would be needed for hospital fare and for convalescents

Offerings of such supplies as are desired by Mr. Rosenthal should be sent to him

NOTES.

Mrs. S. M. Damon had about thirty Boys in Blue at luncheon yesterday. D. M Carmen, representing the San Francisco Report, is on the Pennsylvania. Free soda is still the order of the day for Boys in Blue at Benson, Smith & This at Pacific Mail Dock-Not By

Sergeant Elvin entertained a large number of Boys in Blue at Kakaako butts

The Montana band gave a concert on board the Pennsylvania at 6 o'clock yes-

terday afternoon "Tricks" Nelson, a local celebrity, is employed in the engine room of the trans-port Pennsylvania. Knights of Pythias in the expedition visited Mystic Lodge Wednesday evening and Oahu last night.

Mrs C M Hyde is erecting a tent on the lawn at her residence for a lounging place for Boys in Blue

The Rio was expected to leave San Francisco not later than the 22nd The Scandia and St Paul are to follow later. Private Besse, of the Fourteenth, is correspondent for Boston and other papers and has lately been in politics in Ohio.

Dr C B Cooper, of this city, at one time practiced at Butte, and finds many friends and acquaintances in the Montana boys.

Bevan Montague, who had an Austra-lian vaudeville show here about two years ago, is a member of the Montana years ago, is a regiment band.

A complete list of the officers will General Otis has decided that the men on the Pennsylvania are reasonably complete list. Beginning with the fortable and will not have a part of the pennsylvania are reasonably complete and period of the pennsylvania are reasonably complete and period of the pennsylvania are reasonably complete and period of the pennsylvania are reasonably complete. He received the best of medical attention and nursing, but them go into camp as was at first hoped Major John Demeritt, U.S. A., is on the Pennsylvania with all back money for the men of this expedition. It will be the men of this expedition. It will be 'dealt out' at the judgment of cammand-

ing officers It is now said that the Alger (Cheyenne, Wyo.) battery of light artillery, will be assigned to the garrison at this place with the Tenth New York regiment of infantry

Sergt Morford, of the Montana Regi-ment at Camp Merritt clubbed with a rifle Private Stanley, who was about to stab Lieut. Conrad. Stanley is yet in the nospital with a broken jaw

Young Private Cohen, with the troops is a son of the man at one time in business at the corner of Fort and Merchant Cohen is being entertained by John Egan an old friend of his father

Private Cook of Company E California recruits, is the big brother of Fred Cook, ex-patrolman and member of Company E, N G H, who left Honolulu by the second expedition for Manila. Many of the Montana men were sea

sick coming down In town yesterday their legs were shaky, houses were rec-ing and they could hear the splash of sea waves on store windows as they passed along the streets.

Regular officers from the Peru and Puebla went to Ewa mill in a special car yesterday They were piloted on the trip by Justice Whiting and Colonel J H Fisher and other N G H officers If the Rio de Janeiro is in port by If the Rio de Janeiro is in port by o'clock this morning the troops aboard will be received with the Montana men at the Executive grounds today. If the Rio men arrive later than that hour they will be entertained separately on Mon-

IN HOSPITALS.

Sick Boys In Blue Being Cared For in Town.

Private Wilberforce Girand, a recuit for Company F. 23rd Infantry, who was go ing through on the Puebla, has been taken to the Red Cross hospital. He has a had case of pneumonia. Last night however he was resting easy and indications were in his favor. Girand is a newspaper man. His home is at Abliena Taxes.
Hospital Steward Edward H. Charette Montana Tolunteers, is perhaps the sick est soldier at the Queen's Hospital. He has turboid fever.

est soldier at the Queen's Hospital He has typhoid fever
Private William Fales Company A California recuits, has pneumonia at the Queen's Hospital He is improving Quartermaster Sergeant August Lagoni Company H Montana, has fever brought on by strain of sea travel He is at the Queen's Hospital At the same hospital is Edgar D Ben war, private of Company G, Montana with light fever
Ferry, or Felly the man who tumbir into the hold of the Peru and was so ha'lly hurt, is slowly improving at the Queen's Hospital Lieutenant Hunt and Private Hruby, at the Red Cross are also getting better getting better

RED CROSS APPEAL

An Agent Wants Supplies to Take to Manila.

Ore of the chief of Red Cross of and te now in Honolulu. Fugene Posenthat Gerald Sullivan second Hentenant.

First Lieutenants French and Hanna and Second Lieutenant Greenant G

for convalescents
Offerings of such supplies as are desired
by Mr. Rosenthal should be sent to him
on board the transport Pennsylvania,
which is now at the Pacific Mail dock

SOLDIERS SCALPED.

Indians.

The bugler of Company G, Montana Younteers, is in the hospital of the troopship Pennsylvania with his scalp torn
from his head in the way a Nez Perce
warrior might call neat. The gang plank
of the transport is about five feet below
the roof of the Pacific Mail wharf shed
Running up it to the boat the bugler did
not see the eaves of the roof projecting
downward and ran, full tilt, into it.
From the center of his head over to the
right side the scalp was peeled off Fortunately the skull was not fractured The
man will pull through. This happened
yesterday morning.
Soon after the accident to the bugler a
private in one of the Montana companies
ran into the same obstruction. He was
also in the hospital last night with a
severe gash across the scalp and several
bad bruises. Younteers, is in the hospital of the troop-

nage or or of the control of the con

Funerals of Strickland and Stewart Held.

One an Artilleryman—The Other a Marine-Many Flowers Sent By Ladies and Friends

PRIVATE STRICKLAND PRIVATE STRICKLAND **Tivete Tenac Strickland, of Com-

pany G, Third Artillery, died at the Red Cross hospital about 9 o'clock Wednesday morning of typhoid fever. He was 25 years of age. The disease Private McManus, of I, in the Four-teenth, is a newspaper man well known in Milwaukee and Chicago He is writ-ing for a number of papers

He was 25 years of age. The disease was contracted in San Francisco, and the young man had been unconscious during almost every moment of his could not be saved.

Very little is known of young Strickland He is a native of Florida. It is said that his father was a Methodist preacher at Atlanta, Georgia, and died eight or ten years ago.

The funeral of Private Isaac Strickland, Third Artillery, who died at the Red Cross hospital Wednesday, took place from the undertaking pariors of H H Williams at 9.30 yesterday morning It was conducted by Chaplain Pearce, of the

was conducted by Chaplain Pearce, of the Fourteenth Infantry Escorts of honor from the N G H and the Third Artillery, and a firing squad from the latter, attended the funeral Ladies of the Red Cross Society and many people from town witnessed the sad ceremonies. The floral offerings were numerous and pretty Among those who sent special pieces were Mrs H E Cooper, Miss Mary Nott, Mrs L Marke Misses Gurney, Miss Judd, Mrs J G Spencer, Mrs A K Wier, Miss M F Maronie, Mrs Wm R Castle, Mrs John Nott, Mrs J F. Clay, Mrs George E Boardman, Mrs E. A Mott-Smith, Mrs J H Paty, Mrs M C Widdifield, Mrs A L. King, Miss Kathleen King Mrs T B Murray, Red Cross Society and others

MARINE STEWART

Private Marine H D Stewart, aged 25, a native of San Jose, Cal, died on the U S S Mohican at 230 o'clock jesterday morning and was buried from the undertaking pariors of H H. Williams at 4 in the afternoon. Chaplain Frank Thompson conducted the services There were many floral pieces. One was a beautiful cross from the ship's company and another piece was from Captain Book. Stewart had just been discharged from the Queen's hospital He was a delicate man, and subject to convulsions. A parox) sm was the immediate cause of death day morning and was buried from the

Island Boy Joins.

Island Boy Joins.

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Island Boy Joins.

John A Hassinger Jr. has joined Troop K. 4th Caralry, in the cause of Incle Sam He has friends in the troop and relatives in the Manila army His father readily consented to his going, and added that if it were not for his own rheumaxism he would tilt it out with the bove' too Young Hassinger is an Island bor in every sense of the word. He is a splendid horseman and quite an athlete

Gold FROM THE KLONDIK*

The Alaska Commercial Company steemers Rt Paul Carlain Have arrived in San Francisco from St Michael on July 17. The passengers brought down about \$1.200 to the Alaska Commercial Company at the fooling of the American for the San Prancisco from St Michael on July 18. The passengers brought down about \$1.200 to the San Prancisco from St Michael on July 18. The passengers brought down about \$1.200 to the San Prancisco from St Michael on July 18. The passengers brought down about \$1.200 to the San Prancisco from St Michael on July 18. The passengers brought down about \$1.200 to the San Prancisco from St Michael on July 18. The passengers brought down about \$1.200 to the San Prancisco from St Michael on July 18. The passengers brought down about \$1.200 to the San Prancisco from St Michael on July 18. The passengers brought down about \$1.200 to the San Prancisco from St Michael on July 18. The passengers brought down about \$1.200 to the San Prancisco from St Michael on July 18. The passengers brought down about \$1.200 to the San Prancisco from St Michael on July 18. The passengers brought down about \$1.200 to the San Prancisco from St Michael on the San Prancisco from St Micha

Sails to Plant American Flag on Another Island.

FORMAL SURRENDER IUKAL'S

No Signs of Peace Yet in Spain. The Situation in Cuba-Many Cases of Fever.

WASHINGTON, July 18.-The War Department today posted the announcement that General Miles, leading the Porto Rican expedition, left Siboney, Cuba, today on the Yale, with four batteries of artillery and a few seasoned troops. Two brigades not at Charleston are embarking today on transports to take them to Porto Rico. All the force at Tampa, 13,000 strong, embracing artillery, will be put on board as rapidly as transports can be gotten there and reenforce our other troops General Brooke will take the first and second divisions of his corps from Chicamauga to Porto Rico General Brooke left here this afternoon for Chickamauga to get his troops started it is expected that the whole expedition of 3),000 men will be under way within the next four days It has been decided to retain General Shafter's brigade at Santiago for an indefinite period. There are some notable differences in the plans for this expedition and those made for the stately naval pageant that sailed away from Tampa under General Shafter's command to attack Santiago First, there will be practically no naval deconvolute the Navy Department having de-Porto Rico. All the force at Tampa, 13,900

Shafter's command to attack Santiago First, there will be practically no naval convoys, the Navy Department having declared that they are unnecessary, that there is not a Spanish war ship in the West Indies that dare thrust its bow out of port. In the second place, the expedition does not start from one point, but will be divided among several ports, thus preventing the tremendous congestion.

will be divided among several ports, thus preventing the tremendous congestion that was encountered at Tampa in the effort to start the big fleet Lastly, there will be no effort made to get the ships away together, but the transports will be allowed to find their own way to their destination

It is suggested in some quarters that the army may land in Porto Rico on the Southern coast, near the city of Ponce, to the southwest of San Juan Ponce is situated on a plain about two miles from the seaboard, is the residence of the military commander of the district and is commercially the second city of importance on the island A tine road leads to the port (Playa), where is situated the Custom house, the office of the captain of the port and all the consular officers. The port is spacious and will hold vessels with twenty-five feet draft—an important consideration in the landing.

and the American flag floats over the Spanish Governors palace, in the heart of the city, and over Morro Castle, at the entrance of the harbor Order is main tained by American soldiers The Spanish soldiers have given up their arms and they are now encamped outside the

The formal surrender of the town and territory was made at 9 o'clock, the American flag was raised over the Governor's palace at noon in the presence of the troops. The plaza before the palace was filled with a great crowd of residents

was filled with a great crowd of residents of the city
General Toral, in full uniform, accompanied by 200 Spanish officers, shortly after 8 o'clock left the city and walked to where the American officers were waiting their coming Shafter and Toral saluted each other with grave courtesy The two commanding generals faced each other, and General Toral, speaking in Spanish, said

Spanish, said
"Through fate I am forced to surrend
er to General Shafter of the American
Army the city and strongholds of the
city of Santiago."
As he finished speaking the Spanish officers presented arms
Capacil Shafter in soult said. "I

General Shafter, in reply, said "I receive the city in the name of the Government of the United States"

Toral addressed an order to his officers Toral addressed an order to his officers in Spanish, and they wheeled about, presenting arms, and General Shafter and the other American officers, with cavalry and infantry following them, walked by the Spaniards and passed on into the city. The Governor's palace is situated in the center of the city, fronting the Plaza de Armas. As the Americans entered the plaza there was some cheering by American sympathizers, which was objected to by the Spaniards, and there were several fist fights, but the trouble was quelled speediliv.

fist fights, but the trouble was quelled speedily.

After the Americans arrived at the palace, the Archbishop of Santiago, recompanied by ten priests entered and gravely saluted General Shafter and then conversed with him Just before noon Lieut Miley, carrying an American flag, went to the top of the palace General Shafter and the other Americans, followed to the Spanish army officers and officials with those the plaza, where the American cavalra and infantry were drawn up Lieut Miley with two other officers bent the flag to the halliards attached to the pal-

will send officers to the different forts in the province notifying them of the sur-render The Spaniards in Quantanamo can be easily reached, and they will be ordered to come down the bay and sur-render Those inland, however will be more difficult to communicate with, and it will be some time bofere the Spanish troops are notified will send officers to the different forts in

MUST BE AMERICANS

WASHINGTON, July 17 -General Shaf-WASHINGTON, July 17—General Shafter's action in giving the Spanish authorities permission to police Santiago, in view of all the circumstances, is admitted to be likely to cause great trouble. It could be construed as a tacit recognition of the beneficience of Spanish rule, which we have been trying to disprove ever since the war began It was thought at the War Department today that General Shafter should have compelled even the temporary administrators of the law in Santiago to repudiate their allegiance to the tiago to repudiate their allegiance to the Spanis herown

Spanis herown
General Shafter has therefore been directed to at once proclaim martial law and administer the affairs of the city with American officers. This is to be done pending the establishment of a civil government. The Cubans, it is conceded, would be deeply incensed at even the temporary retention of Spanish officials. There is the other consideration that the autonomistic officers might decide upon a republican form of government themselves and seek to prevent the insurrectionists or their representatives from controlling the affairs, of the province

SHAFTER AT SANTIAGO

WASHINGTON, July 18—It has been finally decided that none of the troops that participated in the actual fighting before Santiago shall be employed on the Porto Rican expedition. Ten thousand Spanish troops are at Holguin. Manzanilia and other points within striking distance of Santiago and might not lose an opportunity to recover the ground lost at Santiago if the place were left insufficiently protected. Therefore, Shafter's entire army is to be kept on guard on the high hills in the rear of the town until the men have stamped out the yellow fever. Then they will take a turn at the Spaniards if they can be found, and it may be that Shafter's march will end at Havana. He will work as far from his base as possible after his army is thoroughly refreshed, hunting the enemy wherever they are liable to be found. WASHINGTON, July 18-It has been

NO SIGNS OF PEACE

WASHINGTON, July 18 -Secretary Day WASHINGTON, July 18—Secretar, Day had a conference with the President today He said that nothing bearing on peace had been received from Spain either directly or indirectly From other sources it is learned that the Government does not look for peace overtures for some time to come and probably not before the fall of Havana. As it is understood to be the policy of the President to pustpone the Havana campaign until next autumn the belief exists in high officials that the Spaniards will put off the inevitable surrender until their last stronghoid in Cuba is lost before making an effort looking to a cessation of hostilities.

MAY SAVE TWO SHIPS.

OFF SANTIAGO, July 17 -Captain Cook of the captain of the port and all the consular officers. The port is spacious and will hold vessels with twenty-five feet draft—an important consideration in the landing.

AMERICAN FLAG FLIES.

Formal Surrender of Santiago on July 17 By General Toral.

NEW YORK, July 18—A cable to the Sun, dated Siboney, July 17th, says The surrended of Santiago is now completed and the American flag floats over the surrender of Santiago is now completed and the American flag floats over the surrender of float her

300 YELLOW FEVER CASES

WASHINGTON, July 18-A dispatch WASHINGTON, July 18—A dispatch vas received from Santiago late last night stating that the entire number of yellow fever cases up to that time did not exceed 300. This lowered the estimate by one-half from that given in press dispatches and was a source of satisfaction to the authorities. Colonel Alden, Acting Surgeon-General, save the situation is much less serious than would appear at first glance, for while the aggregate or 300 seemed large, it is relatively small when it is remembered that there are 25 000 troops at the front

WAR NEWS NOTES.

MADRID July 17—Admiral Camara's squadron and his transports have finally reached Spanis 1 Mediterranean ports on their return from Port Said

SEATTLE (Wash), July 18—The steamer Arizona, which was recently purchased at Tacoma by the Government for a transport, sailed for San Francisco this evening WASHINGTON July 18—The President has signed the war tariff for Santiago and it takes effect tomorrow. It adopts in general the privileged rates now given Spain there and makes that tariff uniform for all countries, including the

United States MADRID July 17 -- Volunteers in Havana and the leading representatives of the island of Cuba have telegraphed General Weyler saying they do not want in-dependence but would prefer an Amer-ican protectorate, failing in which, they will continue fighting

PORT TAMPA. (Fig.) July 18—A movement was started here today to present Admiral Cervera a home on Tampa bay in recognition of his humane and chivsiric treatment of Hobson and crew and a desire to save him from insult and pos-sible death should he return to Spain

... NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Appropriates Japan.

PAPERS IN THE NECOTIATIONS

Letter From American Legation. Reply - Resolution of Cabinet. Request From Washington.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) The claim of the Japanese Government against this country arising out of the turning away here of immigrants from the land of the Mikado and the chrysanthemum, is to be settled at once. In all likelihood the matter willbe arranged and the incident closed for good and all at a meeting of the Coun-

cil of State called for this afternoon. There is a freshness yet to the facts in the case. Japanese to the number of more than 1,000, were denied admittance to the Republic by the enforcement or the interpretation of one of the immigration regulations The issue went to the courts and then became the subject of diplomatic correspondence. Letters were exchanged up to the point of this Government suggesting arbitration, when Japan asked for indemnity. For months prior to the very recent departure of the Japanese Minister from these shores it was expected-in some quarters at least-that the Minister would address the Hawaiian office further on the dispute. But he gave the surface indication of allowing the Government here the last word. This was only a surface sign, for it is now known that another tack was being followed by the alert and determined Japanese representative to the Islands.

Minister Shimamura, at the capital of Hawaii, had sent some notes and enclosures to Minister Hoshi at the capital of the United States. Minister Hoshi must have been saying something quietly to the State Department at Washington. At any cate it is do all I can to bring about as speedily understood here that the administration at Washington has requested the Hawaiian Government as at present constituted, to get this difference with Japan out of the way.

If what has been learned by the Advertiser is correct, the Council of State will this day be requested to make an emergency appropriation of \$75,000 gold (yen 150,000) for the purpose of effecting a settlement with the Government of Japan in the well known affair of turning back the immigrants from Yokohama and vicinity.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The Council of State took yesterday afternoon the action anticipated by Japanese Government re immigrants fusing to allow certain Japanese subhere The sum of money required - \$75,000 - was appropriated the serious consideration of the Exwithout a dissenting vote and the resolution of the Cabinet on the subject was approved unanimously. Minister Hatch attended the meeting upon the invitation of President Dole.

After the preliminary proceedings, the following was read to the Council as from the Cabinet:

In view of the expressed desire of the United States that we should dispose of the issue between this country tomorrow will be requested to approand Japan, relating to the refusal of priate the money for that purpose. admission of certain Japanese immicompromise the matter for \$75,090.

of all disputes on the subject between the two governments of all claims of Hawaii, and without waiver of any principle heretofore contended for by at the instance of the Government this Government in the matter; and you represent. further that we request the Council of State to appropriate this amount from the public moneys, the compromise of this matter, under all the circumstances being properly regarded

as a great public necessity. President Dole made a brief statement. He said this course was adopted in accordance win the express request made to Minister Hatch by the Ciples contents to the Hamail. In the least to the Company of the Target and Company of the Targ States and in the remarks the right the recommendation of the

Min ster Harris and the control of the J. L. Kaulmon. requested to call the action of the risk Ministry Cooper spoke briefly in time

state behind the request. There had been no intimation that the Governof the question. It was pointed out in the settlement could be so construed. Mr. Hatch felt that serious considerations had moved President McKinley to make the request and that it was understood to be the wish of the administration at Washington that the question of right or wrong in the case itself should be set aside entirely in making the compromise settlement. Later the same day both the Hawailan and Japanese Ministers at the same time were addressed by the Secretary of State upon the affair and a clear understanding reached. Mr. Hatch had been requested to present the matter to his government and had done so upon his arrival here. This correspondence was next read:

Legation of the United States, Honolulu, H. I., July 26th, 1898. Honorable Henry E. Cooper, Minister

of Foreign Affairs, Honolulu. Sir -- I have the honor to inform you that I have received instructions from my Government expressing anxiety to secure an immediate solution of the question at issue between Hawall and Japan whereby the approaching transfer of Hawaiian territory would be freed from any uitimate questions tending to embarass it in its dealings with a third power.

The instructions assume that to this end and as the only means of accomplishing it, your Government will close the incident by the payment to Japan of a reasonable indemnity.

It is not to be understood that this course of action is urged by the Government of the United States on any other grounds than as a necessary preliminary to the formal transfer of sovereignty which is now awaited.

The instructions make it clear that until this action is taken by Hawaii a serious obstacle will exist to the execution of the instructions which Rear Admiral Miller may bring to me at any time. I do not need to point out to you how unfortunate from every point of view would be further delay in effecting the consummation which both our Governments so earnestly

instructions are imperative to as possible this desired adjustment.

Under all the circumstances, and having regard to common interests I venture to express the hope that you will lose no time in securing the compliance of the Hawaiian Executive with the views of the Government at Washington. I have the honor to be, Sir, Your

obedient servant, HAROLD M SEWALL.

Honolulu, 26th July, 1898. Sir:-I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the

instant. The matter of effecting a settlement of the pending controversy between the Advertiser in the morning account Hawaii and Japan which arose through of the disposition of the claim of the the action of this Government in re-

jects to land in this country, has had ecutive Council. In view of the urgent request made in your letter and actuated by a sincere desire to comply with the wishes of the Government of the United States

in the matter it has been decided to accept the offer of the Japanese Government to compromise by the payment of seventy-five thousand dollars. The Council of State at its meeting

Allow me to say, however, in closgrants, and in view of the fact that the ing that it is not without regret that Japanese Government has offered to my Government finds itself in this position, believing that the action of re-Voted That that offer be accepted fusing admission to the Japanese subas a compromise and in full settlement jects was a matter of political and economic necessity, authorized by our laws, which have been carefully and arising therefrom, including private correctly administered and for which, claims, and without any admission of under ordinary circumstances, no liability or of wrongful act on the part compensation is due to Japah, payment being made by this Government solely

> I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient servant HENRY E. COOPER, (Sig) Minister of Foreign Affairs

Hon Harold M Sewall.

t S Envoy Extraordinary, etc Honolulu

Mr Smith made a clear explanation of the case The Attorney General administration at Washington that the spoke of the convention of 1886 beto the control of the line of States. The American Minister of the line here had made the same result of the line here agreement had been that the line will be agreement had been the line will be agreement had been that the line will be agreement had been the line will be agreement had been the line will be agreement had been the line will be agreement had be agreement had been the line will be agreement had been the line will be agreement had been the line will be agreement had been nan made the specific of agreement had been dust the number A LL THE WORLD OVER. THE RECOGNET to the proposition of the proposi States and his address his rong ment. The immigration companies and good and sufficent reasons upon had intervened and had endeavored to The Deax or Wernstering Verprostrict Theorem and the country to their own profit who are selected to Haws was the flood the country to their own profit who are found very great relef. It is most comforting to the flood to the law was enforced and the samping irritation and pring strength to the voice. There had been repugnance to the name Court here had passed upon the "Ith akit an invaluable mode as for members of my thought of making a cash settlement question. Not only from this source with Figure for the reason that it was bit from others over more promises." felt Have had been right hals ted and responsible had come the verdict in good it hand had been fur just that the position of the Hawaiian tifled in every way in each step taken authorities was sound. The Government The C' reliable agreed that it was ment here had been undicated and en-The ('' re' had agreed that it was ment here had been undicated and en-best and proper to distent to the United dorsel in what it had done. But the MIGHT COUGH QUICKLY RELIEVED. States of his probably a wrong solution as now presented was that a mistake made if the United States wished a settlement there will be the wide Thouse male within delay and the Cabinet London," on the General Blackfur Book mp shed with a hall re cheliffe conclusion that this tion of the print had by the direc. The decision was

> the United P. C. I has had made a motion to The die City and appropriate the \$75.000 DOWELL'S BALSAN OF ANISHED in the had been and been

ment at Washingt on the ? . . the the mit the resolution of the Cabinet and in at resolution of states. In present was that while he was satisfied the Senate. Here it was store in him in the legal position of Hawaii in that it was the earnest dears of Pres. the matter he was willing to make all dent McKinley that this motter be this for the satisfaction of the United settled or compromised. Details were States. The money, it was thought, not entered into, but it was apparent; was for the immigration and steamer;

that there were important reasons of companies. None of it would reach the men sent back.

Mr. Robertson said he would supment here was wrong in the premises. port the motion, though from profes-On the contrary there had been in sional knowledge of the case he beformal assurance that it was believed lieved there were two sides to the con-Hawaii was right as to the legal side troversy. Irregardless of all this it was best to make a compromise. The that Hawaii did not or need not admit request from the United States was or concede liability and that nothing practically a polite demand and was stated almost as a condition precedent to annexation.

Attorney General Smith remarked that the first demand of Japan had been for \$125,000.

The argument was closed by Mr. Dole, who mentioned the great devotion of President McKinley to the Islands and the cause of annexation. The motion of Mr. Jones was carried

by unanimous vote. Mr. Phillips wanted to know if it would not be a good plan to settle up somehow the claims lodged by the political offenders of 1895. The response by Minister Cooper was that such a bridge should not be crossed till it was

reached. Mr. Phillips had said that the British claim was not below that of the amount asked for by one of the British subjects. Afterwards, out of session, the sum mentioned as wanted by the British Government was \$25,000.

Mr. Smith paid a fine tribute to the distinguished and effective services of Mr. Hatch and suggested a resolution of thanks or acknowledgement. This was made and to include the President and all members of the Cabinet as well and was adopted.

Those who attended the meeting of the Council of State were: President Dole, Ministers Cooper, Damon, King and Smith, Members Jones, Phillips, Ka-ne, Robinson, Gonsalves, Robertson, Kennedy, Gear, Achi and Kaulukou. In the absence of Mr. Bolte, A. V Gear acted as Secretary.

KLONDIKE COMPANY.

Wm. Adams Succeeds in Getting Strong Honolulu Backing.

At a meeting held yesterday the Honolulu Klondike company completed its organization. S. I. Shaw was electer president; L. C. Ables, vice president; J. F. Clay secretary, and W. G. Ashley treasurer. Articles of incorporation will be filed at the Interior office as soon as they can be made out. Wm. Adams, Jr., the promoter of

the idea, sailed by the Doric for San Francisco. He will direct the active work of the company. Losing as little time on the coast as possible he will proceed direct to the Klondike.

Manager Lowrie, of Ewa, has chartered a special train for the accommodation of plantation people on flag raising day.

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Honolulu.

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We hear the expression used constantly. So much so that in nine cases out of ten it really has no significance in connection with facts.

A bargain in shoes represents standard value, at the right price and

The cheapest is not always the best neither is the best always the cheapest. Buy a good article and you will get satisfactory wear out of it in the long run. Buy a cheap article and it will keep you on the jump continually to duplicate, then you might buy shoes on this basis every week in the year and never get your money's worth. Turn over a new leaf and buy an honest shoe at an honest price. This is the kind of values we offer

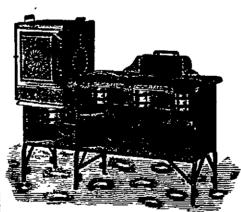
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STEAM COOKERS, That, over one burner, will cook at once Soup,

Meat and Vegetables.

Lap Boards and Cutting Tables.

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WE are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honorum a special a Freight Rebate of 10 per Honolulu a special benefit of cent. off the regular price of all our stoves: In addition to which you get the usual ς per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

MERIT JEWEL RANGE. 1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.

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MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE 2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

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For cleaning and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofulz, Scurvy, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases. and Sores of all kinds, Its effects are

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It Cures Old Sores.

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Cirars the Flood from all impure Matter.

From whatever came arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sax, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to

cet the Tains. THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS From All Parts of the World.

Rold in Bottles 2st 9d., and in cases containing s'x times the quantity, 11s. esch-sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-randing cases, BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD, Proprietors. THE LINCOLE AND MINIMAND COUNTER DEPARTMENT LINCOLE AND MINIMAND COUNTER DEPARTMENT.

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NEWSPAPERHRCHIVE®

Col. Parker Gives Instruction in Geography.

An Evening Talk on Work-Artist or Artisan, Which-Last Week

of Summer School.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

There were no lectures in the Summer School course after 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning. The teachers were all interested in the Boys in Blue and the lunch for them in the Executive Building grounds. Miss Allen had her interesting talk to mothers on child life and conducted her ideal kindergarten class. Mrs. Parker did not lecture. Col. Parker continued his lecture on geography. He made specific application of the general principles which he has laid down before, the learning of geography from the examples of the various formations right at hand. He said the people of these Islands have exceptional advantages for studying the evolution of the continent. Nearly all scientists accept the theory of evolution now. Time was when the elder Agassiz refused to believe with Darwin. The younger Agassiz agrees. The process of creation is going on now in precisely the same way as it was thousands of years ago. In the Hawaiian Islands it can be seen. Beginning with the old island, Kauai, the first of the group to be formed with Oahu, Maui, Molokai following until now active formation is visible with the volcano on Hawaii. All this is intensely interesting to

the child. He has before him here actual minature continents. He has mountains and plains, rivers and valleys. He has an opportunity to watch the process of denudation of the soll by the action of water Col. Parker advised the teachers to take the pupils out into the country and show them all these things, these processes. He devoted the remainder of his lecture to explaining his points with the use of diagrams and a series of questions on the geography of Oahu.

It was 8:15 o'clock last night before Colonel Parker's car arrived at Progress hall, and a few moments later before his splendid lecture on "Work" began. The audience was, as usual, quite large. The lecturer said in part:

The subject "Work" is a harp of a something for mankind is the one central thing. Blessed is the man who works. There are two great classes of workers in this world. The difference in the reflex action between them, however, is work. There is a class which realizes a thing fully and then imitates and reproduces it for others. The shoemaker, the tailor, are some. Copylst. Another class of workers must originate. The artisan supplies a general demand, a necessity. The originator, on the other hand, meets special cases. This simply defines the two classes of workers.

These workers have characteristics. The artisan learns his trade, and set- stance. The hesitating, self-condemhis life vocation. But when the artist appears with some- ity by his chest and stooping shouldthing better, he has to start again. Look at the consternation among the Character is told by the action of the spinning wheel workers when the sewing machines appeared. Copying pro-thumb also. The expression of duces conservatism; the artist cries out the face is one to everything higher and better to help cation of character. him. The artist must be original all explained and showed the results of the time. When an artist drifts into certain modes of thinking and mental the grooves of the artisan, he is to be criticised. A medical student may do expressions, she said, it is the duty this. Some of these are called quack of the parent and the teacher to study. doctors. Medicine is an everlasting They can all be changed by develop-study. It is a great profession. Artisan methods will not do. Every new case brings new conditions. Study should not stop in this life surely. When properly followed medicine becomes a beautiful art.

Legal students frequently become copylsts. They make "case" lawyers. Going into court they may say: "Your honor here is my case in these law books,." Lawyers must know Roman law, English law, their own law, and all the law of the world.

Many preachers are artisans They go through the perfunctory performances and think they are doing their duty. They have oratorical powers, but as expounders are mere copyists. A minister must know God and man, He must know all that goes on around him.

Art is entirely personal. The artist studies nature, sees some beauties beyond the power of others, and then reveals it with his brush or his chisel. That tells humanity something; draws the mind away to nature and beauty. That is true art. Art never can be copied; and the glory of it is in its being personal

Every material discovery means the foundation of some spiritual good Think of Watt and his discovery of steam. Look at the railroad trains crossing continents, carrying people from oppression into God's free air and following them up with religion and pear education and enlightenment. Take Stevenson's idea of the railroad engine and think of it. Mr Gardiner, of Chi-cago, said that Fulton's steamboat

would never work. There can not be an artisan in the profession of teaching An artisan teacher must be fixed, and that will be fatal to his work That old mechan- New Officers Flected at Meeting ical idea that you must have the order of suppression in the schools is wrong No mind can pain the artist teacher No one ever arose to the pitch of art beachers at the High School building at

work, a coul work velopment of the artist teacher? The ciation. President Miss Deyo occupeople. The people cling to artisen pied the chair. Committees on nommethods of teaching and retard inations and course of study were apperance work and study education | Election of officers resulted as fo'The W C. T. U. is a good thing, but lows M M. Scott, president, Miss growth Mothers must give up tem- pointed

of religion and temperance.

The speaker closed with an eloquent tribute to the prospects for education tary and treasurer. Executive Comon broad lines in the "new State of Hawaii," and urged every teacher to be an artist, an originator.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

This morning in Progress Hall there will be a general meeting of the General Armstrong Industrial Institute for discussion of plans for regular Parker's "Talks on Teaching" was work in the school room and ideas for the work which the Institute should carry on. Many teachers have already signified their intention to become members of the Institute and of promoting the study of agricultural and industrial pursuits in their schools by coordination with the regular school The influence of Col. Parker in this line of work has had its appreclable effect and the prospect is that many teachers will return to their schools in September with an enthuslasm for field work, which will react upon the pupils and stimulate a desire for a knowledge of how plants grow, and how things are made.

Col. Parker continued his lesson on how to teach geography. He had a sand tray for modeling and illustrating his interesting talk by producing, in miniature, mountains and valleys and plains and the action of the rivers upon the soil. He also illustrated with the sand and by the liberal use of the blackboard the cutting down process. The ease with which Col. Parker indicated his meaning, and the clearness of the mental image of a continent undergoing natural changes were indicative of the value of modeling in studying geography. He again advised taking the children out of doors to observe these processes. It not only is an invaluable aid to the study of the earth's formation, but it also develops the power of observation, which is one of the fundamental principles of education. The study of Hawaii leads at once to the study of the continents. There are many things which can be learned only by travel and observation, but the Islands are only a miniature of the continent of North Amer-The main thing is to prepare the children to observe what they see. It is a very good thing to travel and there are many things to be seen but the teacher and the parent should be sure that the child is prepared to travel. Mrs. Parker reiterated the statement

which she made on Monday that each person is largely to blame if he is deceived in another. If a disappointment comes it is due principally to the failure to observe unmistakable signs of character. Nature is so strong in her expression on the face, in the carriage, in gesture, in every movement of the body, that everyone shows exactly what he is. Gesture is largely a thousand strings. Work that produces matter of inheritance. It is easily observed in the child when for many months there is a natural awinging of the arms, a movement of the body. Later it is influenced by environment and by disposition.

Gesture is divided into three prime ary expressions, bearing, attitude and inflection. The bearing is habitual to self. It is not the single attitude which constitutes bearing, no one observation of an expression gives the true insight into the whole character. It is the constant expression. The carriage of the body is extremely significant. The personal characteristics are displayed by the carriage of the chest, for inperson displays this personalers. The shoulders display sensibility, hand and the use of the strong indi-Mrs. Parker conditions on the face. All these facial ment, by changing the habits.

The teacher should cultivate a love of nature and of beautiful things and of the best literature. Above all things physical exercise and development are absolutely necessary. The sloping chest, down bent head and slouchy gait produce a positive effect upon the mind and disposition. The development of the chest, deep breathing through the nostrils to give the lungs full play cultivate dignity, self assertion. The grace of movement can be made habitual. All facial expressions are signs of organism Tuere signs cannot fail. They are characteristic of all races and can be easily read. They are all sagnificant. Because of these unmistakable signs Mrs. Parker said, each person has himself to blame if he is deceived.

Mrs. Parker urged the teachers to bave constant and regular exercise for their pupils. People whose grammar, whose spelling and writing are bad, are often ostracized by good society but few people ever take a second thought as to whether or not the body is developed. Permitting a poorly developed chest and body is just as much a crime as stealing and society should recognize it as such The types may be the result of centuries of peculiar traits But they can all be changed and the traits themselves will disap-

Mrs. Parker said that we need to feel emotions, to give expression to them. A natural expression can never be given to them unless one feels.

TEACHERS ASSOCIATION.

Held Yesterday.

There was a full attendance of who worked for money it is a heart 1.0 yesterday afternoon for the an-What stands in the way of the de- nual conference of the Teachers' Asso-

the place to begin such work is Crook, vice president for Hawaii; F. among one's own children. See that W. Hardy, vice president for Maui; J, the children are educated in the paths N. Taggard, vice president for Oahu; J. K. Burkett, vice president for Kauai; N. E. Lemmon, of Oahu, secremittee-John A. Moore, of Walluku; Miss Lampman and Armstrong Smith. of Oahu, and President Scott and Secretary Burkett.

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O

Professor Scott gave an interesting short talk on "Child Study." Teachers of the different islands reported on the work of their respective subassociations during the year. Colonel unanimously adopted as the special book to study during the ensuing per-

JAPANESE OPINION.

Vernacular Papers Discuss Annexation of Hawaii.

The Japan Mail says that Hawaiian affairs had dropped out of the public mind to a considerable extent until the recent revival of interest by the he carelessly neglects to use it, blame passage of the joint annexation reso- the man, not the medicine. If Honolution by Congress. Only the Nippon lulu people, who have kidney comand the Yomiuri allude to annexation plaint and backache will not use now. But the Nippon is the organ of the Chauvinists and the Yomiuri one of the organs of the former Progres- Read this indorsement: sionists and their opinions are therefore valuable. The Nippon merely states that if the United States annex Hawail they must assume all her responsibilities. The Yomiuri is more the small of my back went up into explicit. The Mail says:

"It thinks that there is no occasion for Japan to assume a protesting at-titude. Her previous remonstrances of their me every time any muscle of were intended to secure that her own interests and claims should not be overlooked in the event of annexation, Representative in Washington received Kidney Pills advertised and gave them and on the 14th of last August her an explicit assurance from the United a faithful trial. I am greatly improved States concern herself about anything except know their merits." the compensation due to her people on account of the immigration incident. That would be a very intelligible and moderate view if it stopped there. But the Yomiuri goes on to say, in effect, that if the United States show any intention of converting Hawaii in- no substitute.

to a naval basis, Japan ought to object. There can be little doubt that, after this war, America will develop into a great maritime Power, and if she is going to have coal depots and naval ports in Hawaii, the tranquility of the Pacific will be threatened. It is Japan's business to oppose anything of that kind "

WHOSE FAULT IS IT?

Occurrence That Will Interest Many Readers in Honolulu.

If, when the fog horn warns the mariner to sheer off the coast he still hugs the shore and wreck upon it, whose fault is it? If the red switch light is up and the engine driver deliberately pulls ahead and pitches into another train, blame the driver. If a careless workman will in spite of warning, try to find out how many teeth a buzz-saw has, and the saw tries to find out how many fingers the workman has, blame the workman, not the saw. If a sick man knows that a certain medicine is doing him good and Doan's Backache Kidney Pills when they are indorsed by scores of people blame the people, not the indorsers.

Mrs. C. J. Thomas, of 238 Chestnut street, Scranton, Pa., says: "I have been troubled with my back and a weakness in the region of the kidneys for nine or ten years. The pain in my head and caused fearful headaches. I was nearly always lame and stiff in the morning when I got up and it was It hurt me every time any muscle of my back was put into motion, like stooping over or standing a long time on my feet. I saw Doan's Backache Government in the desired and can recommend these pills to Now, therefore, she need not others as from my own experience I

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers, for 50c. per box, or will be mailed by Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, general agents, on receipt of price.

Remember the name Doan's and take

In addition to recent invoices from the United States,

The Pacific Hardware Co.

have just receive direct from England:

Winsor & Newton's Artists' Colors. Color Boxes, Canvas, Academy Board Palettes and Vouga's Studies, Dandy Brushes, Wostenholm's Cutlery, Wade and Butcher's Razors,

Open and Twisted Link Trace Chains.

And a full assortment of

DOOR MATS.

Pacific Hardware Co.,

-LIMITED.-

Fort Street.

We Don't Want Your Money! Your Promise to Pay

A LITTLE EVERY MONTH Is what we would like.



Honolulu.

On the Instalment Plan. We are Sole Agents for the two Best Makes, viz.

"WHEELER & WILSON" AND THE "DOMESTIC." Both of which we Guarantee.

All kinds of Machine Needles and Machine Parts kept in stock or imported to order.

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The best at the lowest 2 price at HOPP's.

Our prices apparently conflict with our qualities.

Our prices always seem too low. People cannot understand it. They have been used to paying so much more that they cannot believe that we give the same qualities at less prices. "But seeing is believing." Come and see for yourself. Examine the goods as critically as possible. Ask all the questions you wish. Put us under oath. We tell you beforehand that, go where you will, you cannot find Furniture prices to equal ours.

OUR SPECIAL

For this week is a new table known as the COMBINA-TION DINING TABLE.

The reason they are called Combination lies in the fact of their being compact. All extra leaves are stored under the table properno running around looking for extra leaves when wanted, just pull out one end of the, extension and by an upward movement add as many leaves as desired. That's the

A new line of

have just been received. It will be worth your while to examine them while looking at the tables.

J. HOPP & CO.

Leading Furniture Dealers.

KING & BETHEL STS.

<u>୪୯୯ ୧୦୭୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦</u>

GET IT AT WATERHOUSE'S

Throw the responsibility

on us-

That's what our patrons can do. Just understand that every purchase made here is with the distinct understanding that it must give satisfaction. We want to know if it doesn't.

A lady told us the other day she got the idea ours was so exclusive a stock that the prices would be so high she couldn't trade here. That's wrong. We have exclusive etyles—yes! But in point of fact our prices are LOWER than many-and as low as any store that carries reliable goods. It's the very cheap that is the very expensive.

We are always willing to exchange or refund money on goods bought of us which are not entirely satisfactory, when returned to us in good condition within a reasonable time after purchase, but with the distinct understanding that all such goods returned will have all charges paid.

When sending for samples, or for information, write plainly your name and postoffice. After receiving samples, and they prove satisfactory, order quickly, and if possible make two or three selections, marking them in the order of your choice. This will prevent the delay required in sending new samples which so often happens when goods to match the sample required are sold

It sometimes unavoidably happens that goods ordered are out of stock, and in such cases we take the liberty of substituting what, in our judgment, is equally desirable, both in quality and price. If not satisfactory in this case, please return at our expense. In world Proprietors, The Libeolth and Midland Counties Prug Company, Libeolth, England. that goods ordered are out of stock, our Grocery, Crockery and Hardware departments our stock is thoroughly complete and the range of prices is all that can be desired

Queen Street.

H. Hackfeld & Co.

Are just in receipt of large importa-tions by their iron barks "Paul Isenberg" and "J. C. Pfluger" from Europe and by a number of vessels from

of a large and Complete Assortment

Such as Prints, Ginghams, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Re-gattas, Drills, Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

A FINE SELECTION OF

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A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Plushes, Crapes, Etc.

Tailors' Goods.

Silesias, Sleeve Linings, Stiff Linen, Italian Cloth, Moleskins, Meitons, Serge, Kammgarns, Etc.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hos-iery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soaps, Etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles, Vieuna and Iron Garden Furniture, Rechstein & Seiler Planos, Iron

Bedsteads, Etc., Etc. American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Caustic Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages.

Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrap; ping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing Slates, Square and Arch Firebricks,

and Arch Firebricks,
Lubricating Grease,
Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized
Iron (best and 3d best), Galvanized
Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails
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Pamaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

COULD TURSDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, BDITOR.

FREDAY.....JULY 29, 1898 THE OFFICE OF GOVERNOR.

We are permitted to state, and do state that President Dole has, at no time, expressed any desire to retain the office he now holds, nor has he, on the other hand, expressed any intention to decline it, if offered to him. He considers the appointment one which President McKinley is abund-

antly able to make, without sugges-

tion or advice, unless it is solicited.

AT LEAST ONE OFHER.

"It is to Maine that we owe a constant agitation in favor of annexation. * * * It then should be a Maine man who after the half century struggle, when the fight has been won should first guide the trembling step of the child commonwealth. * * It is then poetic justice that a Maine man should take us in charge."—(The Star)

When the overthrow took place, in '93 and affairs hung in the balances Mr. Dole the son of a Maine man gave up a quiet and permanent office, and at the earnest demand of the men who now make up the "Central Commit tee," led the revolutionists to the con struction of the Republic and to fina annexation.

During the past years of uncertainson and out of season, too simple perhaps in his knowledge of political ways, but strong in his sense of fideli ty, and wise in holding together the angry racial factions.

And now before the flag is raised and the grateful sense of stability it suddenly upon us, and the highest ter ritorial office is comparatively one of tion and Christianity and peace, have rest, almost recreation, under the do minant power of Congress, the Centra Committee, absolutely uninstructed by its constituents, suddenly turns up on this son of a Maine man, and Ha- the Church precedes the cornerstone waltan born too, and before he can of the cabin. There is not a story of rudely shouts to him:

"You have been our Moses in our march to the Promised land. We now lands whom America has sent forth take you to the top of Pisgah and as the servants of civilization and pi-Jordan. But now you must die politically, because you have offended against us of the tribe of Boss-Ka- tation at the deeds of our young heroes desh. We have reached the sweet in Manila and in Cuba, let us not forfields beyond the swelling flood, and get that the American missionary in to tell you the plain truth, we have no the paths of peace belongs to the same further use for you. Indeed we haven't heroic stock and is an example of the time even to bury you decently, but same heroic temper" the Lord will take care of you.

As the Star, the organ of the Central Committee raises the cry of "Remember Maine," in advocating Mr. Sewall for the post of Governor, there will be much confusion with the cry of "Remember the Maine." "Remember Maine" is the bugle sound of the Machine. "Remember the Maine" is the cry of vengeance for an awful into heroic use an entirely different best control of their faculties and emotions will avoid a confusion in the use of expressions

The Central Committee and its organ should avoid "splicing the Maine brace" too frequently, or they may, by unconsciously using the "the" excite tremendous indignation against the Spaniards, when they only intend to stimulate admiration for a "Son of Maine."

Above all things when the cries are almost identical avoid splicing the Maine brace

'It is then poets justice that a Maine man should take us in charge • • the very fact that Harold M Sewall was here at this time, in th position he now occup es spoetic jus tice" -(The Star)

"It is merely a it'e bit of old womanish sentimenta is this effort t keep the Hawanan flag - (The Star

To put over us a Governor (apah e indeed, patriotic as an American an friendly to us because he comes from Maine, is it seems 'poetic justice But to ask that the flag under which many thousands of us were born and with which many most pleasant theme. ries are tender mageociated is it seem only 'have to proce' and old woman

jeh ern 'mererijet " Edward Figure Hale told the stors which has a - mins languages! of the Are - - officer wh cursed the f ול אל לעי קידי ∽ין <u>א</u>ר אוני ~ * ~0.707 Kc7 born and f at sea and the content of the torich the land which we have with the finne the offer here. Concret

The sutter in ... TIC GOT or spect of the process r }2 waiian flag was not have a conthough it protected him for more a year It should have receive a " !! of that "poetic justice" which has been tribunal. The case was a novel one

it. "Good politics" would have suggested a better way of treating these even though a foolish one, defeat it, to be worn by men, in the same chap- Revelation of what lies in a child, and

SENATOR HOAR.

One of the most eloquent, if not the most scholarly and eloquent speeches delivered in the Senate on the Annexation question was that of Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, who has not been for some years, in favor of it He confessed that recent events had changed his views. He firmly maintained that he was not in favor of acquiring territory, but he regarded the annexation of Hawaii as the realization of the policy of American statesmen of both parties, during the last sixty years, and that it had really no connection with any general scheme of territorial grabbing.

Speaking of the character of the people of the Islands, in the future, he

said: "If they get a people there likely to select such men as Mr. Dole, or Mr. Thurston, or Mr. Damon, for Senators and Representatives, they will be a very good people for statehood and for American citizensh p and American Sovereignty."

But the Senator said there would be no hurry about establishing statehood, until there was a population here of a "million or fifteen hundred thou-

To the many Earnest Patriots here who believe that "the missionary must go," the words of the Senator, spoken to the American people, must be indeed bitter. He said:

'I have regretted to hear in this debate some sneers at the missionaries LAST KICK OF THE "NATION." ty, of anxiety, of insurrection, of and the sons of missionaries, who have threatened revolt, this son of a Maine redeemed Hawaii and who are now man quietly stood at his post, in sea- presenting her at the gates to the people of the United States. I know something about them. I know something of the New England missionaries, and of the like missionaries from other parts of the country, who, whenever either in a foreign land or within our own borders on the frontiers, there has been a contest for civilizabeen in the front rank. I knew the fathers of these men in my youth, and I have watched their character and career ever since. The cornerstone of ment that we must have a half-way house unstrap the burden of these years, true heroism or true glory in human Philippines or any part thereof Our own annals which can surpass the story of missionaries in this or in foreign show you the rich land beyond the ety. They have taken their lives in leprosy, moral, physical, and industrial, their hands."

"In this day of our pride and exul-

These are the words spoken by one of the oldest Senators, one whose learning and judgment have rarely gone astray during a long period of services. Moreover, he does not belong to the same religious denomination as the missionaries who have

It is a pity that he has not the standing and influence of the Earnest crime. The omission of "the' calls Patriots here, who devoutly feel that "the missionary must go" It is his set of emotions. Only those with the misfortune, and he must humbly submit to the Divine will which makes his lot so inconspicuous and powerless m comparison with that of the powerful party here who believes that it is written in the stars, "the missionary must go '

THE JAPANESE INDEMNITY.

The claim of the Japanese Government for damages, by reason of the refusal of our Government to permit 1,159 Japanese immigrant laborers to land here, has been settled and compromised by the payment of \$75,000 This payment at the earnest request of the American Government, who desired that the matter although substantially submitted to arbitration should be closed before the actual occupation of the Islands by the Executive, is made without conceding in any way the legal right of the Japan ese Government to make it.

It seems strange of course that a powerful Nation, like the United States should ask and almost insist upon h's settlement if there is no justice n it. But transactions of this kind are often made not only in public but n private matters without any definite settlement of the rights involved. A narment of a claim interested as united. ייתוס תן חוכש יישיבו ב כן ז נויית וביי " mert one Wirkshimm " see "hat as i he Wash reton Government had المراج ومعجورة المعجورة الأراء وأراء الإمعجورة والمعجورة their in the the their teams. הפתפתה ול יה היברי היי יהיברי היי היי percented the ethy, or or all to force or hours the Arthurist from the arge fromm to to the Japances.

We have from the text of the controvers becaused that on the whole the decision would be a favor of the Japanese before any E - pear

United States, owing to the peculiar provisions of their Constitution, but it did not attempt to declare what international courts would do. We here thought it was "mighty mean" law when Congress claimed to nullify our Reciprocity Treaty, through the domestic tariff laws.

We believed then, and do now, that our Government could have avoided any issue with Japan, by simply keeping Japanese immigration in its own hands, under what is known as the Convention, and by refusing to allow any private parties here to engage in it, when the peril of excessive immigration was so great.

Whatever individuals or officials may think about a law, does not make it the law. It is the Court that makes it. In this case, no law has been definitely made. The question is still open. Nothing is conceded in any way whatsoever. But it was for the interests of Greater America of which we are a part, to end the dispute.

It may be, that this small part of America, will receive in the end greater benefits by the settlement than if the claim had been resisted.

We know, on excellent authority, that if the claim was not settled, the Japanese Government had resolved to prevent any further emigration to Hawaii. Assuming that it could, and would prevent it, the amount of the payment may be considered insigni-

"The long struggle over the annexation of Hawali is ended, and the deed is accomplished All that could be said against the policy of annexation has been said, and it would be useless now to repeat it. All that could be said against the means employed to accomplish the object, beginning with the illegal act of Minister Stevens five or more years ago, and enaing with the joint resolution of Congress by which the treaty was superceded, has been said. It is sufficient to say now that the annexation project was dead beyond the hope of resurrection when the war with Spain broke out. That event and Admiral Dewey's victory at Manila brought it to life once more. The argubetween San Francisco and the Philippines carried the day, although it is not yet settled that we are to retain the views of the annexation policy are not changed by the vote of the Senate, but we shall hope that the consequences flowing from it may be better than our anticipation, and that the various kinds of prevailing in the Islands may not be engrafted upon the United States."

These are the closing words of the bitterest enemy of good government and annexation these Islands have confronted. This is his last shot. He the musket he has discharged at us so often, with its charges of falsehood, and malice, and throws the pieces into the ditches of a general oblivion, makes a hideous face at us, and will now sit calmly on the fence and watch for and rejoice in any terrible catastrophe that may overwhelm the American Nation because his advice was not taken.

One might expect that the Nation which declares itself to be a teacher of the ignorant, would have taken some pains to ascertain the exact truth about the events connected with the overthrow of the Monarchy. It preferred the yellow journalism of Mr. Nordhoff, as a source of information. What is especially singular to us is, that the Nation, familiar with the modern methods of historical study, never saw, even for a moment, the perfectly natural evolution of events. Behind the Queen, and Minister Stevens, and "the missionary thieves and pirates" was a logical sequence of events which a statesman could see, I he choses to do so. What was done here was only the repetition for the housandth time of the reconstruc on of government. The Nation could ot see the perfect logic in it, bu

pent its time abusing men. A singular and laughable feature bout the Nation's unremitting sp.ti gainst us, is that it never cited the cts and arguments which would have ne us the most harm. These in its horance, it graciously passed by Sc 'er all, we do not curse our enemy. God's will goes slowly, but it grinds the Germans say The next me the Nation altempts to arrest the prements of the mill, it should cont some expert in history

THE BISHOP AND THE DRESS

We have overlooked our controvers h the Bishop of Hopofulu As the יל תוחלת השתרפונן חלו ot 5 as an " forgotten to entitioned to be hang-My dear sir I begin the an

to Bighop it will be remembered which pertains th unto a marceneured the young women o

and involved the question whether at when the Advertiser humbly suggested nake it a living gospel among teach. The Constitutional party of Japan has recognized "The Constitutional party of Japan has recognized to the recognized "The Constitutional party of Japan has recognized "The Constitutional party of the revenue recognized "The Constitutional party of the revenue recognized "The Constitutional party of the revenue recognized "The Constitutional party of Japan has recognized "The Constitutional party of the revenue recognized "The Constitutional party of the recognized "The Constit so freely lavished upon a stranger to and involved the question whether at when the Advertiser humbly suggested make it a living gospel among teachthrough its own domestic laws. The ter, he filled his vials with wrath by United States Supreme Court had de- hydraulic pressure, and discharged cided that it could be done, in the them, with a hissing sound on us, in a letter to an evening cotemporary. In this he reiterated the present force of the Mosaic law, and did us up entirely by stating that "the organ of the American missionaries ridiculed a precept Holy Writ, and practically declared itself on the side of Paganism."

If the matter of dress so deeply concerned salvation surely Moses would have illustrated his text, and incorporated fashion plates, perhaps colored, of the correct female dress, and not have left it to be determined by the Bishop, some thousands of years later. Indeed, the Bishop should crown the painfully minute efforts of his life on these Islands, by a treatise on the "Divine fashions of dress, ancient and modern."

Today in Christian lands, multitudes of Christian women are yearly perishing for want of light. If the Bishop has ever been in Rotten Row, or in Hyde Park, he has seen the best bred English women, the wives and daughters of Peers, Archbishops, and great Commoners, riding on horseback, wearing the silk hat, which is the sacred emblem of every well bred British man, called the "plug hat" by some and the "stove pipe" by others. But it is apparel "that pertaineth into a man." Also, within the last twentyfive years, the straw and felt hats of the same material and shape used by men, have come into common use among women.

Under the Bishop's Mosaic law, a pious British woman in wearing "that which pertaineth to a man," becomes like the Advertiser, a wicked Pagan. When she appears before the Recording Angel, he solemnly reads to her from the open Book, "Princess Beatrice addicted to wearing a man's hat! Forbidden in Deuteronomy 22-5! Away to Tophet with her!" And to the next soul standing for judgment: "Mrs. Scruggs, always wore a Salvation

Army bonnet. Give her a harp!" If the Mosaic law is now in force regarding dress, why is it not in force regarding food, (and the Jews say it is) and is the Bishop who eats bacon or ham a miserable Pagan like ourselves? Without inquiring too closely into the raiment worn at night by the Bishop, we ask him, in the interests of truth, of humanity, and the salvation of the race, whether he sleeps with his leggings or boots on, a distinctly masculine dress, or does he envelop his classic outlines in a lengthy nights shirt, which is a distinctly female apparel? When Paganism or Christianity turn upon the fashion of dress, an item of this kind has a solemn and far reaching value. Of what consebreaks the lock, stock and barrel, of quence is the law forbidding the importation of opium, if the Mosaic law regarding dresses and hats is openly riolated, and the streets, the residences, the churches are full of "perishing Pagans," and we are all in the outer darkness?

As political conditions have suddenly changed, the Bishop should abandon these people at once and forever

· www.X.

Col. Parker, will this evening, talk on the subject of the education of Hawaiian native children. His audience should be not only teachers, but all of those who are interested in the education of children.

We would be desposed to resent any learned talk from a malahini about the native race, but Col. Parker knows this race, for he knows other races allied to it, and he knows too the line that divides the strong similarities, from the strong dissimilarities in the races. No one, therefore, can speak with more knowledge and authority,

His purpose will be to show the need, wisdom and economy of educating the Hawasian child in a contact with the facts of nature. That is, to bring him always, and ever, in contact with soil, and plant and growth, because out of these come the sciences. the ideas, the mathematics, and the languages, in any natural process of education The native child belongs to a race greatly deficient in the gift or power of organization, and he must arold too close a contact with races that are organizers, or he will be crushed His education must always keep this in view

It is true that the native children have not been educated in the com- | good deal before he gets back to his mon schools as they should have been It is also true that the education of children in civilized countries has been equally deficient. This confession is good, because it opens the way to improvements. The early teachers here followed the best lights of the father)ar } They made the error of assuming that the rac al character of the native was substantially the same as that of the New Englander and the ring on the 'ext of Deut 22-' same means would modify it. We are " a "the woman shall not wes I wiser than they and night to be if I there is any such thing as progress in this world

about him. We know that only a strong hand can now arrest the decline of the native race. Its best friends seem to be unable to help them. They would refuse to listen to the wisdom of Solomon, if he were here to give it. They annunciated with special emphasis in to save, in spite of the most serious

But, in spite of these failings, the duty remains to us to make the persistent effort to restore the race. If Col. Parker can suggest any practicable Japan might have bld to Spain for a method of doing it through a different education, it will be fortunate for the native. It will gratify us, who are now and have been his kamaaina.

EXCHANGE OF COURTESIES.

We expected on being annexed to the glorious Union to join the select company of scholars and saints that nhabit the great Continent. It is a surprise to read the literature we now copy. The truth is, however, that much of the best literature on the Mainland is not found in the daily The following is from the New York Sun of July 7th:

THE THIEVES AND FORGERS OF NEWS.

"The press, the rank and file of the daily newspapers of the whole United States is stifled with lies. Never in the history of civilization was there such a debauchery of the press, such an inundation of falsehood and fraud. The press is for the most part trying honestly and to the best of its ability to print the news of the war with Spain. Collectively, it is spending hundreds of thousands of dollars for that news. It does not get the news of the war. It gets falsehoods by the ream It gets forged cable despatches purport ing to come from the seat of war, but vention, may come up here soon again. manufactured here in New York by professional counterfeiters of news.—The Sun."

"The Sun is severe, but from the looks of recent 'copyrighted specials' it is about

"If there is any doubt about it, this is good time for investigation. We suggest that all the newspapers and press associations in New York exhibit the original despatches they claim to have received describing the naval battle at Santiago, so they can be compared with the 'copyrighted specials' as printed. The Herald's despatches are open to inspection -The Herald."

"We don't know which to admire the more, the Herald's courage or its cheek However its challenge will not disturb the Associated Press's trained gang of news forgers. They are as secure in their rascality as their principals and the noble and independent American press meekly bows its acquiescence and humbly masticates its daily rations. It wears the livery of shame, and is content.—The Sun."

THE PASSING HOUR.

One article of the Constitution of the United States has been approved by the Independent.

The local contribution to the flag raising ceremonies can be no less enthusiastic because prepared in a hurry n is progressing Goods Men." and all natives at that, have been operating in and about Yokohama. The Montana Volunteers, like the Colorado Guardsmen, are astonished to learn that these Islands are without mineral of any sort.

An expression from Benjamin Harrison on Annexation would be interesting. He intended what Cleveland prevented and McKinley accomplished.

The future may hold for, local polit.cians the situation that the battling will not be so lopsided as it has been in this particular field for some time. sugar refinery is the demonstration or tifies all persons having claims against conviction that the enterprise would said estate to present the same with not pay.

Here's a new sentiment from the New York Sun: "Let anti-annexationists and obstructionists stand aside! The United States must grow up with the world."

Lieut Lucien Young is just as bold and fervent and unrestrained in his book as he has been and still is in the discharge of his duty in the United States Navy.

One of the evening papers in one issue presents three distinct views on the treatment of soldiers aboard the transports now in this harbor. This is carrying water on both shoulders and

Some of the men on the U.S. Transport Peru say there will be no trouble thout the passengers all around getoffee prescribed in the circular of the urgeons

There is something too suggestive of he title of that delightful narrative oncerning Ala Baba in the name forty Club, said to have been prempted by a proposed local political rganization. One of the passengers from this port

for San Francisco this week gave his nationality as Spanish, Dr. Rosei' He looks it and will be questioned a home in Havana. A recident of a happy and blithe-

some turn of mind dropped an unsigned I O U for \$5 into one of the Red Cross contribution boxes Friends of the gentlemen intend reporting h m o the ladies of the Society.

is I the car to the ground the read of the Rapid Transit where confined to heard. This is the first flow interprise under the new disperse on and like other things of the same controlled to home perile will be set cheen in all respects.

If the embrue political engine sation and entired as the Forty (1) become of the characteristic main of the section if the effect in Mould have then about 16 more more attention than it is wonthy to Advertices has been been continued. a bit and will give it the proper parade as

chirch who desired to wear the Col and Mrs Parker preach a gosissock and cotta in the choir And pel that is not entirely new. But they stand the brunt of an assualt at home 4953-td 1988-td

saki or leying new taxes on other goods The dispatches say that Admiral Cervera, during his detention at Annapolis, is to have "marked attention." The last attention he received at the

hands of the gentleman of Annapolis was very marked indeed. After the feast at the Executive Building grounds the regulars rather will mortgage their lands, and fail lost some of their reserve. These men, by the way, are excellent specimens

of the American soldier, many of them being seasoned in the service. It is stated that Japan offered Spain \$200,000,000 cash for the Philippines two years ago. There was a time when

North American continent, now known as the territory of the United States. At the beginning of the war one of the churches in the States forwarded to Pres ident McKinley a resolution urging that no battle be fought on Sunday. Critics are divided on the question of whether or no the affairs between Schley and Cervera on Sunday, July 2, and betweer Dewey and the Manila naval guardian on Sunday, May 1, were battle or what.

Acknowledgement is made by the New York Sun of the fact that Speaker Thos. B. Reed, of the United States House of Representatives, during the preliminary struggle for consideration of the Hawaiian question, "Showed officially the fairness which had been expected of him." In two distinct rulpress, but in the weekly periodicals. ings, after the disposition of the House had been shown by test votes of 140 to 88. Mr. Reed interposed the authority of his position to defeat the efforts of fillibusters.

> The same Congress of Republican Clubs of the United States which added to its list Hawaii, made the rule that women could have both membership and office in the organization throughout This was done at Omaha, in the State of Nebraska, which is next door to the fine young commonwealth, of Wyoming, where women have enjoyed full political privileges and rights for

many years. Perhaps the question of female suffrage, which has had a rest since the Island Constitutional con-

British View

LONDON, July 14.—The report of Santiago's capitulation reached the House of Commons at 11 o'clock tonight. The view generally taken by British statesmen is that this means that the end of the American-Spanish war is in sight. The British Foreign Office has no knowledge yet of any peace negotiations, however. Government here apparently has reason to expect that such negotiations will be opened through the French Ambassador at Washington.

Portugal's Fears

LONDON, July 14.—The Lisbon correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

"Owing to the probability that a Republican uprising in Spain would be followed by a similar movement in Portugal, the Portuguese Government. is preparing to take energetic measures, such as sending Portuguese troops to the Spanish frontier and calling out the reserves in the event of disorders in Spain."

LilHung Chang Again.

The Empress Dowager of China has again assumed control of the affairs of the Empire and the Emperor has become a nonentity so far as State matters are concerned. The recent changes are said to herald the return of Li Hung Chang to power, the Japan Mail states.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been appointed administratrix of the estate of C. W. Day deceased, by order Perhaps the best denial of reports of of the Hon. W. L. Stanley, Circuit the proposed establishment here of a Judge of the First Circuit, hereby nothe vouchers, within six months from the date hereof, at the office of F. R. Day, M. D., in Honolulu, or they will be forever barred.

JOHANNA V. DAY. Administratrix Estate of C. W. Day. Honolulu, July 29, 1898. 1988-4tF

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S

The Bark "Nuuanu" will sail from New York to Honolulu on or about July 16, 1898.

If sufficient inducement offers. Advances made on shipments on liberal ing a plentiful allowance of the weak terms. For further particulars, address Mesera, CHAS, BREWER & CO., 27 Kilby Street, Boston or

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Norma Schooner AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1898,

AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON, I will sell at public auction at the old Fishmarket wharf for account of the owners

The Clipper Schooner Norma,

Capacity 60 Tons.

As she now lies with all Sails, Anchors, Chains, Boats, Etc. The Schooner bas just had a thorough overhauling by Mesers Sorenson and Lyle and is in Al condition.

Terms Cash U S Gold Coin.

Jas. F. Morgan. AUCTIONRER.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®.

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goodly section of the portion of the

Admiral Miller Coming Under Sealed Orders.

Letter Probably Addressed to Minister Sewall-Due in a Few Days. The Commission.

The United States Ship Philadelphia. with Admiral Miller aboard, should be here by Tuesday next at the latest. The departure was made from San Francisco on the 25th inst., last Monday. This adhere from Admiral Miller There is the possibility of there being or having been some delay in the sailing of the Philadelphia. She was being coaled at San Fran-visco when the Pennsylvania, transport,

visco when the Pennsylvania, transport, left.
Nothing is known here yet about the program for annexation ceremonies. All that is under seal with Admiral Miller The instructions are in all likelihood to the American Minister here. Mr. Sewall said yesterday that he presumed it would be privileged to the people here to have at least forty-eight hours for preperations for the formal change of sovereignty. But everything, from the President of the United States and from the Secretaries of the Navy, of State and of retaries of the Navy, of State and of War, is under seal in care of Admiral

Miller.

Naturally the officers of the Annexation Club, who will direct local participation in the flag raising and celebration, are extremely anxious for the appearance of Admiral Miller and for knowledge of the United States' portion of the program. Nothing can be done by the Annexation Club officers till the plans of the American Minister are known

HAWAIIAN COMMISSIONERS.

Depart Early in August.

WASHINGTON, July 18 - Senator Cullom, chairman of the Hawalian Commission, will leave Washington today with his family for Chicago, whence he expects to make a short tour over the State before going to Hawaii. The appointments to the staff of the Commission have been made, and it is composed largely of em-ployes of the Senate and House of Rep-

The purpose of this was to reduce ex-penditures, none of those who accompany the party receiving any compensation except the official stenographer. The Sena-tor will sail from San Francisco about August 10th, and it is expected that the party will remain in Hawaii until about the time Congress convenes

HURRAH FOR HAWAII.

in heart and soul, and wait with pleas-

in heart and soul, and wait with pleasure all news from our dear Island home.

"You join forces with a conquering army at a most propitious moment, and your adoption is hailed with music, banners, and hurrahs. You have now Matter of changes in the Hifo Boarding school was deferred to next meeting. Ex-School Agent Meinecke, of Walohiu was present to explain his side of the True affair Miss Sarah Ostrom, of Makapala school, requested a leave of absence for one year on account of illness At 5 o'clock, with a big batch of business remaining on the table adjournment was taken to 2 30 pm Monday banners, and hurrahs. You have now all our hearts anew, with your kindness to our soldier boys; and the one bright spot in their army lives will be the day spent among flowers and palms in our new land, with the ladies ministering angels to all their wants

"Hope it will not be long now before we have a cable, and we can then grasp your hand in such a loving hearty shake, that the pleasant thrill can even be felt through the iron glove.

"We are now members of one family, with one flag, one stamp and one government, and with your flag pressed tight to your loving hearts, we will wrap you in the ample folds of the stars and stripes."

OREGON LADIES.

Emergency Corps Grateful for Honolulu Courtesy.

Portland, Ore., July 5, 1898. Mr. Edward Dekum and Other Oregonians of Honolulu.

Dear Sirs: -The "Oregon Emergency Corps" begs to express to you its most deep and grateful appreciation of the hearty welcome accorded our beloved John Good Wanted Testimonial Oregon Volunteers and other Boys in Blue en route to Manila. Our hearts go out to you in thanksgiving and love, as can only those of mother, wife, sister and daughter of loved ones, for your goodness to them. It must have been like a glimpse of the home land for them to see the old familiar faces and clasp again the hand of fellowship in a far-off land. Many testimonials have been received from Our Boys. One and all speak in praise of the grand welcome and entertainment afforded them during their stay in your beautiful city May God's rich blessings reward you for those good deeds. Thanking you again I have the honor

MRS F E LOUNSBURY, Secretary Oregon Emergency Corps

to be, very respectfully yours,

COMMERCE FLAG.

Special Old Glory of Business Men's Organization.

At the special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce held Wednesday morning J B Atherton, B F Dillingfing over the ball on the day the prin- agents for the corporation

cipal flag goes up over the Executive

J. B. Atherton, B. F. Dillingham and T. May were appointed a committee to prepare resolutions of condolence and respect on the death of J. I.

THE CIRCUIT COURT.

Roche Wants Large Sum for Alleged Malicious Prosecution.

Alfred Roche, an employe of H. Hackfeld & Co., has entered suit against C. W. Dickey for damages in the sum of \$10,000 for alleged malicions prosecution. Some weeks ago dedendant had plaintiff arrested for keeping a destructive dog, claiming that the animal had killed a number of his finest fowls. The case was dropped. Last week Roche was again arrested vice comes to American Minister Sewall under the common nuisance law, the claim on this occasion being that he kept two dogs, the noise of which kept complainant and family awake at night. This case failed in the police Roche thinks he was injured court. \$5,000 by each arrest. His attorneys are Charles Creighton and W. A. Hen-

> Judge Perry has overruled defendant's demurrer in the damage suit of Young John Ying vs. W. W. Ahana. J. M. Dowsett has been appointed permanent administrator of the estate of the late James I. Dowsett, under

\$100,000 bonds. Thomas H. Patterson has been ordered to show cause why he should not be adjudged guilty of contempt of court. An affidavit filed by Ida C. Patterson charges him with repeatedly overriding an injunction issued by

Judge Perry. The suit of John Hapa vs. R W Wilcox, ejectment, will be heard on Friday morning of this week.

The matter of Charles Notley vs. Kukaiau Plantation Co., ejectment, has been continued to next term of the Cir-

SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Assignments Made By the Board of Education.

Minister Cooper Inspector-General Townsend. Deputy Gibson, Professor Alexander, H M Von Holt, C L Hopkins, Mrs. Dillingham, Mrs Jordan and Secretary Rodgers were present at a meeting of Commissioners of Education held yesterday afternoon

Mr Townsend recommended that Miss Cameron be transferred to Pohukaina school. Miss Robertson to Kauluwela, and Miss Lizzie Grace to Kalihi waena This would leave a vacancy at Maemae So

would leave a vacancy at Maemae So ordered.

Over Annexation.

The following beautiful sentiments were expressed in a letter received yesterday from a well known California lady who visited Honolulu about a year "Hurrah for Hawaii! Hurrah for Honolulu! And three cheers for all the good friends in our new country.

"We all wish we were with you in these exciting times. We are with you in heart and soul, and wait with pleas-

ANOTHER SETTLEMENT.

Government Secures Land for St. Louis College.

A final and satisfactory settlement has been effected between St. Louis College and the Government of the difference arising from land promised the College on account of the change of the course of Nuuanu stream near the college.

Certain land was guaranteed to the College at the time the stream work was in progress. A demand was lately made for deed to the land or for money in lieu. It was necessary for the Government to secure the land from A. Gartenburg and H M. von These gentlemen exchanged their Nuuanu holdings for fee simple title to their Waikiki beach places, Mr. von Holt giving a "boot" of \$500. Mr. Gartenburg has two Waikiki lots and Mr von Holt four.

The papers to complete the settlement with the St. Louis College were made out yesterday and will be signed

PARDON RETURNED.

From President

John Good, courtmartialed and dishon-

orably discharged from the National Guard of Hawaii, refuses to accept from the President the Cabinet and the Councli of State a full and free pardon with restoration to civil rights. A court of inquiry, the second one held in the affair lately refused to reopen the case. At one Council of State meeting when the pardon was under consideration it was stated that Mr Good did not ask for it but that it was requested by his counsel It was added that vindication was sought Mr. Good says I cannot consistently with my sense of justice and right, accept a pardon which is not accompanied by any statement from yourself which would indicate that you believed that I had been unjustly convicted and sentenced. This is to the President Mr Good also wishes reinstatement to the rank of which he was deprived—captain. A member of the Cabinet said vesterday afternoon that he supposed this closed the affair.

American Sugar (o

At a meeting of the promoters of the Molokai Ranch Company held ves. of rain fell on Sunday and Monday terday morning it was decided to change the name of the concern to the "American Sugar Company," and to ham and F A Schaefer were appoint- increase the capital stock to \$1 500,000 ed a committee to draft a suitable Judge A S Hartwell was elected presletter of thanks to the Chamber of ident, C M Cooke, when president Commerce of San Francisco for the George H Robertson, treasurer, A W fing and letter sent down by the last Carter, secretary and George R. Carsteamer. It was decided to raise the ter, auditor C Brewer & Co will be wharf to see them off Mr Kincald

OF NEEDS OF MEN TO TONE UP THE SYSTEM AGAI

Strong Words in Behalf "I Consider it Unequaled" of the Practical.

An Address by St. Clair McKelway. Booker T. Washington-Lessons From Hampton

On the recent dedication of the Domestic Science and Agricultural building of the Hampton Normal and Agricultural school, St. Clair McKelway, LL.D., said, speaking of Brooker T. Washington, the foremost colored man of America:

"The last time I saw him was at Saratoga at the convention of Social Scientists. He was among friends then, but he was likewise confronted by severe critics, when he pleaded for practical education of the people, when he protested against unpractical education, against over-education for any whose work or place of duty in life was so plainly laid out by Providence, that over education would rather hinder than help them. He was confronted by men of both races, with the statement that what the Negro, the Indian, and the poor white man, for that matter, needed, was not knowledge of carpentry, not the science of plowmaking or of wagon-making, was not practical knowledge, but that they should be able to become theological experts and so on, and stand up like stone walls for the old or new theology, as the case might be, what the people wanted was the leadership of the favored few who were to pose in the front as leaders, while the masses of the people remained degraded and dependent I remember the vigor with which he, and his colleague, Mr. Fortune, as well, responded, and the courage displayed, as he showed them that this stand was not only wrong in itself in separating them from the flag raising. masses of the people who were depending upon them for real help, but that ernment will place a Red Cross ship it would soon alienate from them the in the Pacific sort of people represented by the Social Science Congress of America, whose guest he was and for whom he

spoke

"The pupils of Hampton, the alumni and alumnae of Hampton, are peculiarly fortunate in the fact that their founder, benefactor and friend was neither the cause nor occasion of divi-Hampton's great founder, came from tate. the Sandwich Islands, where he had seen a simple, credulous affectionate race entering into Christianity tumuitnously, but only temporarily, because only their emotional natures were addressed, while their physical natures were not provided for at all; not fitted by education and training, strengthened by work and qualification for high industrial pursuits. They were, by some sussion of soul, converted and were then let go. Then, if they did not relapse into their original pag. of Puebla. anism, they fell into the vices of the white man, from which even paganism tion to General Otis to established a been brought to them in the name of Makiki pumping plant. commerce and the like. Armstrong came here and saw a race to be lifted out of slavery into freedom, from lib- sent some weeks. Col Allen has not erty into citizenship, and from citi- been in good health lately zenship, perhaps, into politics, and Attorney-General Smith has and temptations which they had not partment that all processes shall issue been trained to meet. His solution of that problem was practical education -that education which means not only knowledge but efficiency, not only efficiency but common sense, gumption, provision that finds opportunities, and, most important of all, that which makes the character in men and

The Evolution of Personality.

women that will last.'

Apropos of what Col. Parker has been teaching of the evolution of personality in the child, comes the story from a school in Puna. A little Japanese tot, after his first day in school, astonished the people at home by this sage utterance, "I ain't baby no longer I'm children now," getting that idea probably from the address of the teacher to the little atoms of humanity under his care.

Ex-Queen Coming Home.

WASHINGTON, July 17 -Ex Queen Luiluokalani left here today for Honolulu. In the suite were her secretary, Joseph

Japanese Steamer.

A Japanese steamer with immigrants, Geo E Boardman consigner was sighted off port at 12 45 this morning She left Yokohama on the 13th inst. The steamer remained outside for davlight

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Sugar, 96 deg. 3 1-8 cents Sugar, 4 1-8 Same as last quota-

The Pennssivania is sister ship of the Indiana.

Malt Nutrine never tires Hollister Drug Co. sole agenta Bruce Waring & Co are tearing down Cyclomere race track

On the Hamakua coast 210 inches A dividend on the capital stock of Ewa Plantation on Saturday July 30 Read the town talk on harness as

Res D P Birnle and family sailed by the Doric yesterday for the States. A large number of friends were at the successor to Mr. Birnie, at Central for H I

SYSTEM AGAINST OPPRESSIVE HEAT

Mr. Edwin Bright of Brisbane, Queensland, gives this strong testi-



Sarsaparilla

out Ar tralia whenever I have felt the need of a tonic As a remedy for loss of a pointe weakness and debility, and to tope up the system to withstand the oppressive heat and sudden changes I consider it unequaled "

For construction take Dr Ayer's Pills They presently releve and surely aure Take them with Dr Ayer's Sarsaparilla one aids the other

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

Union church, will arrive in the last of August from Minneapolis. A number of Hawaii people are com-

ing to the capital especially for the It is believed the United States Gov-

Mrs. Turner will succeed Miss Gilman as teacher in Punahou prepara-

tory next term Editor Whitney has in the current number of the Planters' Monthly much

timely matter of unusual interest Gear, Lansing & Co, have purchased the property including the Makiki sion among men. General Armstrong, baseball park from the Kapiolani es-

> The first installment of the Klondike clean up, \$1,500,000 has reached San Francisco The total will be \$10,-

The Summer School will end on Friday evening of this week with a farewell lecture by Colonel Parker in Progress hall.

There are quite a number of miners from various western States in the ranks of the men on the Peru and City The Government has given permis-

might have saved them-vices that nad camp on a big piece of land near the Col. W. F. Allen and Mrs. Allen left

for the States by the Doric, to be ab-

thereby to be exposed to competitions explicit directions throughout his de-

precisely as in the past till further orders The Government received by the mail of yesterday a very large number of letters of inquiry from pros-

pective visitors and settlers and investors. A rumor that there was a threat of mutiny on the Pennsylvania the sec-

ond day out from San Francisco is denied by both officers and men most vehemently Closing exercises of the Summer

School will be held in Progress hall at 8 o clock this evening. The principal feature will be a farewell talk by Col Parker A party of Japanese naval men pass-

ed through on the Doric on their way to the United States to return with the new cruiser now being finished for their Government. There will be rehearsal of the choir

of the Second Congregation of St. Andrew's Cathedral at the residence of Mrs Mackintosh Nuuanu avenue at 7 30 o'clock this evening

The Honolulu Iron Works has rent-Hefleluhi and his wife, who is lady in waiting to the dethroned Queen It is shops on Queen street. A tent will be Francisco only two days erected over the premises, as a building is prohibited and the place will be operated as an auxiliary department.

> Corporal Prather, the very sick man of Company K, 14th Infantry, on the Puebla, was so much improved last night that he was removed to the ship's hospital If he continues to improve he will probably be taken to the Queen's hospital today

> Twenty-three school teachers, pup-.ls of the Summer School, accompanied by Colonel Parker, visited the Pah Wednesdar They left town about 2 3) o'clock in the afternoon and reuarned just before sundown. The expedition.

Capt Murphy Fourth Cavalry one officers in the service, is said to be the amallest in stature of any man holding a commission in the U.S.A. The eaptain a height is but four feet nine | \$2. inches. His first sergeant is one of the tallest men in the service

"Last summer one of our grandowed stores a driw sols saw deablide trouble," says Mrs. E. G. Gregory, of advert and by the Hawailan Hardware Frederickstown, Mo. 'Our doctor's remedy had falled, then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarboea Remedy, which give very speady relief" For sale by all druggists and dealers Benson, Smith & Co agents



The Czdıs ficet, sometimes called the reserve fleet of the Spanish navy, has been one of the many mysteries furnished by the Dons during the war. Admiral Camera, who stands high in the estimation of Spanish authorities, commands this fleet.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port

FOR SAN FRANCISCO: FOR JAPAN AND CHINA: GAELIC AUG. 2 | GLENFARG AUG. 6 DORIC AUG. 30 BELGIC Aug. 16 COPTIC Sept 3

For freight and passage and all general information, apply to

Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

OUR REPUTATION

For fine watch work is widespread; but ue wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches. when out of order to us directly; and not first allow ev-

on or about the dates below mentioned.

The Cost is always more to you, nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

H.F.WICHMAN

BOX 342.

Our Claim

Jpon your attention today will prove a safe investment for you.



THE SAFETY DOCUMENT FILE.

Keeps valuable Papers of all kinds sale. Enameled Metal Case, strong teachers of Hawaii island arranged the Manila Pockets, separate and removable. Best and safest system of filing Leases, Contracts, Insurance Policies, of the most efficient and best liked Notes, Bonds, Mortgages, Deeds, Etc. Two sizes: No. 10. Size 3x51/x11 inches closed.

Contains 24 pockets 41/2101/4. Price 20. Size 41/x51/x11 inches No

closed. Contains 31 pockets 41/2x101/4 inches Price \$2.50 Sole Agents for Hawalian Islands.

Wall, Nichols Company C. L. Wight, President. 8. B. ROSE, Secretary.

TIME TABLE

S. S. KINAU, CLARKE, COMMANDER,

ery tinker to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

Will leave Honolulu at 10 o'clock a. m., touching at Lahaina, Maalaea Bay and Makena the same day. Mahukona, Kawaihae and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving in Hilo the same after-

LEAVE HONOLULU

e Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right

Tuesday...Aug. 2 Tuesday...Sept. 13
Friday...Aug. 12 Friday...Sept. 23
Tuesday...Oct. 4 down to us, for we allow Friday Sept. 2 Friday ... Oct. 14

Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on trips marked.

Returning, will leave Hilo at 8 o clock a m., touching at Laupahoehoe, Mahukona and Kawaihae same day, Makena, Maalaea Bay and Lahaina the following day, arriving at Honolulu the afternoons of Tuesdays and Fridays.

ARRIVE HONOLULU

Friday.....July 29 Friday.....Sept. 9 Tuesday....Sept. 28 Friday....Aug. 19 Friday....Sept. 30 Tuesday ... Aug. 30 Tuesday .. Oct. 11

Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on the second trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu.

The popular route to the Volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the enire distance Round-trip tickets, covering all ex-penses, \$50.

S. S. CLAUDINE.

CAMERON. COMMANDES.

Will leave Honolulu Tuesdays at 5 o'clock p m, touching at Kahului, Hana, Ha-moa and Kipahulu, Maui. Returning ar-rives at Honolulu Sunday mornings. Will call at Nun, Kaupo, once each

No freight will be received after 4 p. m on day of sailing

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NUTICE and it will not be responsible for any consequences a Councils the most be at the landings to receive the fresh the most and will

after it has then landed Live stock received only at owner's This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers un-less placed in the care of pursers.

less placed in the care of pursers.

Packages containing personal effects, whether shipped as agrace or firight, if the contents thereofice edition to the raine must have the value thereofice adition to traine must have the value thereofice as also stard and marked, and the Company will not hold stuelf liable for any loss or damage in excess of this sum succept the goods to eligically of a special contract.

A lemplature of the company are forbidden to receipt for contain the form prescribed by the company and which may be seen by shippers upon actions on the pursers of the Company and which may be seen by shippers upon actions of the form prescribed by the public streamers.

**Multiple shipper of the tip freight is shipped without a chieffer, it will be solely as the risk of her tiper.

Parsectors are requested to purchase.

Paraergers are requested to purchase lakets before embarking. There fail-

tickets before embarking. There fail-ng to do so will be subject to an additional charge of \$ per cent.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Personnel of the Staff Which Will

OO AT A FEAST A

and City of Puebla.

They Were More: Than Satisfied, Had Music -- All Arrangements Well Carried Out-Quiet.

At noon yesterday the American soldiers in port were received on the grounds of the Executive building. They marched up from the ships at 12 o'clock and most of them remained on the grounds until 3. The Hawaiian band played during the feast.

In some respects the picnic was better than those given to former expedition. A happy novelty was the introduction of salads, lettuce, etc., something the Boys in Blue had not had since leaving San Francisco. In some cases they were more appreciated than the pastry and sweet meats. The grounds were thronged with ladies and every attention was shown the 1,800 men present.

Chairman Ashley and other members of the Commissary Committee were constantly on the grounds. After the tables were cleared the ladies entertained the soldiers under the picnic arbors. At this time "Uncle John" Hassinger appeared with cigars for the men. They were distributed all

The officers were received during the same hours at the Officers Club. There an elaborate lunch was served. During the afternoon General Otis was shown through all the offices and rooms of the Executive building.

When the men left the feast grounds most of them carried pineapples and other fruits. These were taken aboard ship to be used later. All of the men ment. were shown through the Government

The Boys in Blue were loud in their praises of the reception. They said it was superior to that received at San Francisco and far better than they had expected. Their stories of hospitality and small acts of kindness shown by various people would fill a book.

The men now here, by the way, who are all regulars, have shown most excellent deportment. A more quiet and orderly set could not easily be found. There was a time when the people of Honolulu feared the regulars would be hard to entertain. This idea has been entirely dissipated, however, for, to date, the regulars have taken the tucky, through his family, which is banner from the volunteers, if possible, in the matter of general deportment.

COMMANDS NOW HERE.

Rosters of Elements on Two Ships Now Here. On board S. S. Peru-Major General

E S Ous, commanding Major General's Staff, First Lieut Fred W. Sladen, Aide de-Camp, Lieut, Col. T. H. Barry, Adjutant General, Major John S. Mallory, Inspector General, Capt. Chas. McClure, 15th Infantry, Judge Advocate; A. A. Surgeon, George H. Richardson, Brigadier General, R P Hughes, Inspector General, Major Geo P. Scriven, Signal Corps, Capt P. D. Strong, Assistant Adjutant General, U. S. Volunteers, Capt C. D. Coudert, Commissary of Subsistence, U S Volunteers.

Fourth Cavarly U. S A-Lieut Col S Kellogg, Major Louis Rucker, Capt. C H Murray, Capt Fred Wheeler, Capt. G. H G Gale, Capt Jas Lockett, Lieut. C P Elliott, Lieut T G Carson, Lieut, J S Parker, Lleut Le Roy Ettinge, quartermaster and commissary, Lieut C T Boyd adjutant Acting Assistant Surgeon Chas A McQuesten, with Fourth

Cavalry. Detachment Third United States Artillery, Second Lieut R S Abernethy, commanding Dr Richardson, on the Peru, is Chief surgeon of the expedition. Sixth 1' S Artillery-Maj F C Grugan Capt A B Dyer, Capt V H Bridgman Lieut L Ostheim, Lieut H L Hawthorne, Lieut A S Fleming adjuant Lieut E D'Pearce Lieut F A Pierce Lieut Scott Lieut R S Aberneths A A Surgeon Clarence Quinan, with Third artillers Civilian Clerks... Frederick Donelly, M. W. Cardwell, J. H. Porter, J J (Ploghler C Hutscheck, J E Moran, Capt Cuodert's clerk F. V Brooks was correspondent for the Associated Press There are in all 955 on

CITY OF PINE

Painteenth Infantry of R & Life will h The Old confer planters object to inegnal corps men 2 Chlinton a le Wroming volunteers on the way to Ma rila to join their regiments. There is to all SC officers and men. The control we coffee men have been notified that an Mai Chas F Robe in committee increase of \$3 will be made Main Correct H. Potter Leen A. M. de mmanding Co G Vitte Tipe vella Ter Lieutenant Co I m *** competer and commissations Yama en Tranklin M Kemp firet le tre to constant surgeon Henry C ுருக எக்கி gama(statt ad '''''' a ter every going to Mar Tilla to the registration B. B. Portes The Royal of the Control of the Plant-- -- semmardina Ch ng compatible contrast act ng 19 ment on the top effect. Rebert Fed treet to be even to 3 F M | date affected to the limit affine bit in the Red Cross found. The state of the s Treeph to Gohe correct totant in

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Dinner to Men of the Peru Not Attended With Much Excitement Here Now.

SOLDIER

Two Transports Neighbors-Boys Have Harbor Bathing. Long Walks.

Early yesterday morning the City of Puebla moved from the Oceanic to Brewer's wharf. She is now "next door" to the Peru. During the day different companies went down to the boat houses and enjoyed the sea baths. Most of them took the sea short cut across the dredger fillings at the foot of Richards street.

Later the men were about town. them most of the time. There they took to the baths had exercise in the gymnasium and wrote letters. The entire Assocation force was on hand to receive and assist them.

The Red Cross headquarters on Nuuanu street were open from 9 to 5. Mrs. Fuller and a large corps of ladies were in charge. Lunch was served throughout the day. Tables and writing material in abundance were provided and the men wrote a large number of letters. Being near the wharves where the transports are lying the rooms were filled all day and it goes without saying that the ladies were very tired indeed when the closing hour came. Mrs. Sewall was there most of the forenoon. Mrs. E. W. Jordan the Misses Jordan, Mrs. S. M. Damon and others were most active in the entertainment.

In the afternoon and evening Boys in Blue were strewn from Waikiki to Kamehameha school. Some visited Oahu college. A number were on the grounds of the Government buildings and the public squares. A few were on Punchbowl hill. Some visited the prison, the asylum, electric works and Queen's hospital. Quite a few were at the Kakaako butts of the First Regi-

A SERIOUS ILLNESS.

Corporal Prather Fighting for Life on the Steamer Puebla.

Corporal Prather of Company K, Fourteenth Infantry, is at death's door on the hurricane deck of the City of Puebla. Spinal meningitis is the trouble. He was taken suddenly yesterday afternoon and by 10 o'clock at night the fever was so high as to have made death certain in a very short time. At that hour he was given an ice cold bath, which reduced his temperature several degrees. Since then he has been fed ice constantly.

Prather is a handsome fellow, of fine physique. He was born in Kenan excellent and prominent one, now resides at Manchester, Ohio. He is 24 years of age. Dr. Kemp had just pulled Prather through a disorder when this second ailment came on. Prather was at the feast on the Exe-Tuesday and, it is cutive grounds said, ran away to take a swim at the boat houses. This was the worst thing imaginable for him and undoubtedly brought on the disease with which he

is now suffering. When discovered by the surgeons the sick man was on the hurricane deck in a very low condition. Two ladies of the Red Cross Society had found him and immediately summoned medical aid. He was then too low to be moved to a hospital.

Prater has been told that he has but fighting chance Early this morning he told the chaplain of the vessel that he would certainly recover. His grit and ability to recover from the collapses which frequently come, have inspired the attending surgeons with more than usual hope

Thanks

On Board the S. S. Peru, July 26, 1898

MR EDITOR -Allow me, in behalf of enlisted men on the S. S. Peru, to Other Securities express sincere thanks and appreciation to the people of Honolulu in general and to the entertainment committee in particular, for the manner in which they feasted and entertained the "Boys in Blue" on the palace grounds this afternoon. When we depart from this veritable paradise, it will be with indelible impressions of the unsurpassable generosity and hospitality of the people of Honolulu

A SOLDIER.

Coffee Taxes

(Hilo Herald)

creased taxation as promised by the tax assessor. Last year lands were taxed \$12 per acre and this year the

On Sunday the planters met at Mountain View for the purpose of disissing the matter. Dr. Russell was rected chairman and W. H. Johnson The of the K Capt H Martin trees secretary. Addressed were made by P Peck and Dr. Russel, and a resolution to the effect that a protest be made was carried. Every planter in the district signed the protest and it will be presented in due form to the tax aceccent. Supa were taken at the meet-

Kaiser (ontributes.

LONDON, July 14. The German Satage second to terre we treeth rew Emperor has contributed that marks

remainder Comments of the second of the plagment the skin Pri and stream Tarrible plagment the skin Pri an core in command of a first order of or end to misery. Doan's Olmiment cures

Pay For a Year.

It appears that the sinking of the upon other than the American and Captain Gridley were held this after-Spanish Nations. Japan claims an in- meon, the urn that contained the reterest. It is reported in a vernacular paper that seven Japanese servants on just at sunset. Business was suspended board the Maine when she was blown in the city during the funeral exercises up. The family of at least one of them and the cortege was over a mile in has received compensation for his death. It seems that this Japanese, whose name was Otojiro, notified his family that he was about to send money home. But the news of his death came almost as soon as this notification. A short time afterwards his father found that the money had been deposited and was notified that a sum of 800 yen had been remitted by the American Government as the salary of Otojiro for one year. Another remittance as a solatium was received by the father from the U. S. Government shortly afterwards. The Japan Mail says that the villagers of The Y. M. C. A. hall was crowded with Hodogaya have agreed to erect a tombstone to the memory of the deceased.

Mr. C. L. Hasbrouck, a druggist at Mendon, Mich., says all of the good testimonials that have been published by the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy could be duplicated in that town. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for H. I.

The Wheat Corner

At Chicago has collapsed, and prices of flour have declined a very small fraction. The extreme high price for wheat was purely fictitious, and flour prices did not follow it. The legitimate price of wheat is high this year from natural causes,

War and Drought.

Lower prices cannot be looked for until

We Carry Only the Best.

When you want the Best Hay, Feed or Grain at Right Prices order from

TELEPHONE 121.

STATEMENT

1884 requires that on the last Monday of July in every year, Banks must make a statement of their affairs as of the first day of July.

The following is the statement of the Bank of Hawaii, Limited, on the Gold. First day of July, 1898:

The Capital of the Company is \$400, 000, divided into 4,000 shares of \$100 each. The number of shares issued is 4,000. Assessments to the amount of sevnety-five dollars per share have been made, under which the sum of \$300,000 has been received. LIABILITIES JULY 1st, 1898.

Debts owing to sundry persons by the Co 14,820.91 Deposits 8,874.96 Sundry Credits \$600,943,55 ASSETS. Bills of Exchange and Promis-

.... \$281,172.58 sory Notes . 105.361.85 214,409,12 \$600,943.55 C. H. COOKE, Cashier.

We certify to the correctness of this statement. GEORGE R. CARTER, Auditor.

P. C. JONES. J. A. McCANDLESS, T. MAY, Directors.

Honolulu, Island of Oahu, 88. P. C. Jones, being duly sworn, dethings set forth above are true and correct Subscribed and sworn to before me

this 22nd day of July A D 1898. E. A. MOTT-SMITH, Notary Public 4980-1 w

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

The indirectioned having been duly appointed executor of the will of Eleazer Lazarus, late of Honolulu, decoased, notice is hereby given to all persons having any claims against the persons baving claims against said estate, to present their claims duly autate, to present their claims duly and with proper vouchers, if any exist thenticated with proper vorichers, if even i the claim is secured by mortany exist, even if the claim is se- gare upon teal estate or otherwise numed by mortange upon real estate or otherwise, at the office of the undersigned on Merchant store, within Mix months from date hereof or they will be forever barred. And all persons mibied to said estate are himby reclosted to make immediate payment ነትርፓዮላኛ የለምትት ማከኛም።)ጀክዮች J O CARTER,

Executor of the Will of Eleazer Leza. 75 Daved, Hoto Dr. July 8, 1898

Capt. Gridley's Ashes.

ERIE (Pa.), July 13.-The funeral Maine in Havana harbor had its effect services over the ashes of the late mains being placed in Lakeside Cemetery and the ceremonies concluded length. Fully 5,000 people witnessed the interment.

BY AUTHORITY

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

AIEA, EWA.

The sale of 98 acres land at Alea, Ewa, advertised for August 3rd, at 12-noon, at front entrance of Judiciary Bhilding, will be held Saturday, August 13th, at the same hour and place. UALAPUE, MOLOKAI.

The sale of Lease of Government lands, Ualapue and Kahananui, Molokai, advertised for August 3rd, at 12 noon, at front entrance of Judiciary and the "Nupepa Kuokoa," published Building, will be held Wednesday, August 31st, at same hour and place. J. F. BROWN.

Agent of Public Lands. Honolulu, July 23, 1898.

MR. ROBERT K. NAIPO has this day been appointed Pound Master for the Government Pound at Honomakau, North Kohala, Island of Hawail, vice J. K. Naihe, removed.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, July 20, 1898. 1987-3t

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On August 3d, at 12 o'clock noon, at front entrance of Judiciary Building will be sold at public auction: Lease of the Government land of

Ualapue, Molokai, and of undivided interest in the adjoining land of Kahananui, containing 850 acres, more or Term 21 years.

Upset rental \$100 per year. Lease is on special conditions as to

fencing and tree planting for particulars of which apply at Office of Public Lands, Honolulu. J. F. BROWN,

Agent of Public Lands. July 11th, 1898.

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On Wednesday, August 3d, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, will be sold at Public Auction a tract of land at Alea, Kona, Oahu, -ntaining total area of 98 acres, lying on both sides of present main road.

The Government main road to the width of 80 feet is reserved from this sale, and the reservation is further Section 14 of the Banking Laws of made for a road 50 feet in width from main road to the upper land of Alea over a line to be approved by the Government.

Upset price, \$10,000.00 Cash U. S.

J. F. BROWN, Agent of Public Lands. 1984-tđ

MR. G. F. AFFONSO has this day been appointed a Notary Public for the Fourth Judicial Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands J. A. KING,

Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, July 18, 1898. 1986-3t

ADMINISTRATRIX SALE OF REAL PROPERTY.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF AN order of the Hon. A. Perry, made on the 13th day of June, 1898, the undersigned will sell at public auction in HILO, on the 15th day of August, 1898, at 12 noon, in lots to suit: some fine lands in Puna, Hawaii, as follows: 1-158.95 acres in Kalapana, set out

in R. Ps. 875 and 1942; also, 2-296 acres in Kaunaloa and Ki, as set out in R. Ps. 2165 and 2807. Further information may be had of

poses and says that the matters and W. R. Castle in Honolulu, or of W. F. Thrum in Puna, and of Hitchcock and Smith in Hilo and of MRS EMMA NAWAHI,

Administratrix. 1985-JeF

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

The unlersigned having been duly

appointed administrator of the estate of James I Downett, late of Honolulu, detrace) notice is hereby given to all sent the same duly authenticated and will a - a months from the first pubhearing of this notice to the undersigns Int his office on Merchant street in said Harialian or they will be forever turred. And all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make

unders good at 1 a said office JOHN M DOWSETT Administrator of the Etate of James I. Doment Geregeed

immediate parment thereof to the

Dated Honolina July 29, 1898 3966-4-8

OF THE WAIHEE SUGAR COM- Administratrix. PANY.

To all to whom these Presents shall Come: I, James A. King, Minister of the Interior of the Republic of Hawaii, send Greeting:

Whereas, on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1898, the Walhee Sugar Company, a corporation existing under the laws of the Hawaiian Islands, presented to the Minister of the Interior, a petition together with a Certificate setting forth that at a meeting of its Stockholders, called for that purpose, it was decided by a unanimous vote of all the stock and stockholders to dissolve and dis-incorporate the said Corporation, which said Certificate was signed by E. D. Tenney, Vice-President of said Incorporation in the absence of Z. C. Spalding, the President, and by E. Faxon Bishop, the Secretary. The Presiding Officer and Secretary respectively of said meeting, which Petition and Certificate were entered of Record in the office of the Minister of the Interior.

And whereas notice was thereafter caused to be published in the Hawaiian and English languages for sixty days in the semi-weekly "Hawaiian Gazette in the City of Honolulu, that is to say, day of July, 1898, in the semi-weekly "Hawailan Gazette" and from the 13th day of May to the 15th day of July, 1898, in the "Nupepa Kuokoa," and affidavits of the publication whereof have been presented to this office and are annexed to the original Petition and Certificate on file.

And Whereas, I am satisfied that the vote therein certified was taken and I am further satisfied that all claims against the said Waihee Sugar Company have been paid and discharged.

Now Therefore Know Ye, That consideration of the premises and no reason to the contrary appearing I do here declare that the said Corporation, the Waihae Sugar Company, is hereby dissolved and that the surrender of the Charter, dated June 24th, A. D. 1879, is hereby accepted on behalf of the Hawaiian Government.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Department of the Interior this 18th day of July A. D. 1898. J. A. KING, (Signed) Minister of the Interior.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SECOND CLROUIT, HAWAHAN ISLANDS.

In the matter of the Estate of Luka (w), Makalena (k), Palena (k), Makamahelehele (k), Kaiuli (k), lkoa (k), Kaahaaina (k), Kuanea (k), Kekua (k), Hoopii (k), Kalama (k), of Hamakualoa, Island of Maui.

All parties interested in the above entitled cause are hereby notified to present to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the Second Circuit within twenty days from date hereof their receipts of the amount of money deposited with the late Clerk G. Armstrong in the said cause. By the Court:

A. F. TAVARES,

Dated Wailuku, July 9, 1898. 1984-td

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands. Henry E. Cooper, Minister of the tised for sale at public auction, at the Interior ad interim vs. George H.

Newton and Caroline Newton Clarke. Action for condemnation of land for July, 1898, at 12 noon of said day.

The Republic of Hawaii: To the Marshal of the Hawaiian

Islands, or his Deputy, Greeting: You are commanded to summon George H. Newton and Caroline Newton Clarke, defendants in case they shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the August Term thereof, to be holden at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Monday the 1st day of August next, at ten o'clock A. M., to show cause why the claim of Henry E. Cooper, Minister of the Interior ad interim, plaintiff should not be awarded to him pursuant to the tenor of his annexed

And have you then there this Writ

Witness Hon. A. Perry, First taining 10 acres, also 33.15 acres cov-Judge of the Circuit Court ered by Grant 1498 to Manu in Mooof the First Circuit, at Ho- muku, Honuaula, Maui. (Seal) nolulu, Oahu, this lith day of May, 1898.

GEORGE LUCAS, 1967-3ms

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST CIRCUIT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS-IN PROBATE. In the matter of the Estate of Edwin

Oahu, deceased, intestate.

Austin Jones, late of Honolulu,

Petition having been filed by Iss. belle McC. Jones, widow of said intestate, praying that Letters of Adminisen that Friday, the 12th day of August,

tration upon said estate be issued to George R. Carter, notice is hereby giv-A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m. in the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, is appointed the time and place for hearing said petition when and where all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said Petition should not be granted. Honolulu, July 14th, 1898.

By the Court: GEORGE LUCAS.

1985-3:F

THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands. In Probate the matter of the Estate of Moses

Hawali.

The petition and accounts of the Administratrix of said deceased, wherein she asks that her accounts be

IN THE MATTER OF THE DISSOLU- | final order be made discharging her TION AND DISINCORPORATION from all further responsibility as such

It is ordered that Monday, the 22nd day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., at Chambers, in the Court House, at Honolulu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

Honolulu, July 16, 1898. By the Court: J. A. THOMPSON,

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST CIRCUIT, HAWAHAN ISLANDS—IN PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of Adella Cornwell, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased. The Petition and Accounts of the Executors of the Will of said deceased.

wherein they ask that their accounts be examined and approved, and that a final order be made of distribution of the property remaining in their hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging them from all further responsibility as such executors. It is Ordered, that Monday, the 15th day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock

a. m., at Chambers in the Court Room from the 10th day of May to the 12th of the said Court at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said Petition and Accounts and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

Honolulu, July 12, 1898. By the Court:

nolulu, deceased.

P. D. KELLETT, JR., Attest: 1985-2fF

THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST Circuit of the Hawaiian islands, In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Jose Maria Espirito Santo, late of Ho-

The last will and testament of said deceased, having been presented to said Court, together with a petition for the Probate thereof, and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary to John Gaspar, having been filed; notice is hereby given, that Friday, the 12th day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, is appointed the time and place for proving said will and hearing said application, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be grant-

Honolulu, July 7, 1898.

By the Court, P. D. KELLETT, JR.,

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORE-CLOSURE. In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by Mele Kapo and Kapo, her husband and Maikui of Huelo, Maui, to W. R. Castle, Trustee, of Honolulu, Oahu, dated October

6th, 1892, recorded Liber 139, page 241: notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to wit: non-payment of both interest and principal when due. Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property con-

veyed by said mortgage will be adverauction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on Saturday, the 30th day of

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle. Dated Honolulu, June 13, 1898. W. R. CASTLE,

Trustee, Mortgagee. The premises covered by said mortgage consist of:

1st. 10 11-100 acres in Honopou, Huelo, Maui, set forth in R. P. (G.) 1264 to Kahalelaau. 2nd. All those certain parcels in Walkapu, containing 88-100 of an acre, 2 Apanas more particularly set forth

Hookano to Mele recorded in Liber 135, page 483. 3d. All mortgagor's interest in Manu's other property on Maui, more particularly covered by L. C. A. 2208 to said Manu in Puako, Wailuku, conwith full return of your proceedings taining 12-100 of an acre, also Grant 465 to Manu in Kamaole, in Kula, con-

in L. C. A. 2208 to Manu, deed from

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of J. W. Lota, deceased, late of Hanalei, Kauai, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them to him at his office at Hanamaulu, kauai, within six months from the date of the first publication of this notice, or they will be forever barred.

are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. W. G. SMITH, Administrator of the Estate of J. W.

All persons indebted to said estate

Lota. 1979-6tF

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING

been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of Lilia N. Hanaia (w), of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased, notice is hereby given to all creditors of the deceased to present their claims, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, duly authenticated with the proper vouchers, if any exist to the undersigned within six months (6) from date hereof, or they will be forever barred, and all persons indebted to the deceased are requested to make immediate payment at the law office of Barrett, deceased, late of Kona, 8 K. Ka-ne, Fort street, opposite lewers & Cooke, upstairs

> Administrator of the estate of Lifa N. Hanaia (w), deceased 1966 511 Honolulu, July 23, 1898.

S W. KALEIKINI

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

examined and approved, and that a 1985-41F At any drug store.

S. S. BOSTON HERE JAPANESE MISSIONARY. Rev. Dr. Harris Again a Visitor

Lientenant Lucien Young's New Book on Hawaii.

BY CLEVELAND

Secretary Long Permits Publication-Blount's Report-Nordhoff, Troops-Dark Days of 1893,

Lieut, Lucien Young, U. S. N., now has his book, "The Boston at Hawaii," in print. The Cleveland administration refused to vise the manuscript. The present secretary of the navy gave permission for publication. The book is of over 300 pages, is neatly printed, well bound and handsomely illustrated. Lieut. Young was here seven months before and an equal period following the overthrow of 1893. His opportunitles for observation were exceptional. He was an important man in his command and had many acquaintances ashore. He watched all movements for the especial purpose of making a record of them Lieut. Young says: "Knowing of my own knowledge that much of the evidence upon which Mr. Blount based his report was utterly false and unreliable; that his conclusions were, if anything, more misleading than his evidence and that a deadly wrong had been and was being done to the diplomatic and naval officers of the United States who were in Honolulu at the time of the revolution, I desired to publish my manuscript immediately But the rank injustice done to Minister Stevens and Capt. Wiltse, both of whom are now dead, and their associates, and the wicked and malicious misrepresentation and criticism to which they have been subjected, have impelled me, as a duty to the living and the dead and to historical accuracy, as well as in defense of American good faith and the fair name of the Republic, to put on record the facts, which I know to be true from my personal investigation and observation."

Lieut. Young gives something of the early history of the Islands, speaks of the many beauties of the land. He tells something of the reign of Kalakaua, gives Liliuokalani considerable mention and then plunges into an account of what he saw of the overthrow given that has not been generally clear everything in connection with eat and work well as ever." the landing of the Boston battalion. Lieut. Young called upon the Queen at the prorogation of the Legislature and repeats his statements made before the Senate Committee at Washington.

All who were with the Government in the latter part of 1893 have the keenest and quickest recollection of the fearful nervous tension imp when it was believed that Mr. Willis, the new Democratic Minister, intended enforcing demands for the retirement of the Dole regime. Lieut. Young, of all men, had an insight into every possible view of these days and shows why it was considered advisable to barricade the Executive Building in preparation of anticipated attack.

Paramount Blount is "handled without gloves" by Lieut. Young The writer of the book makes statements that add to or confirm the opinions here here of the Special Commissioner and his methods. It is asserted that Blount all but actually prepared some of the statements which he forwarded to Washington as "evidence." Specific instances are given by Lieut. Young Nordhoff, the New York Herald correspondent, who has since been repudiated by his paper, comes in for the plain and direct attention or treatment of the author. Lieut. Young says tha he personally heard Claus Spreckels say that he (Spreckels) was paying Nordhoff to work Blount.

The American papers which have reviewed the work of Lieut. Young commend it highly for conciseness and good literary style It is added that the book gives a better idea of the in bed. I was now so weak that my whole transition operation here than friends feared there was no hope for anything of the sort yet in print. The me, and I was anointed by the pricet reports are that the work is going I had a doctor attending me, but he well abroad and it will certainly have a very good sale in Honolulu.

Lieut. Lucien Young now has a command in the Atlantic He directs a converted yacht and for one thing has cut cable under fire, and as ever is ready and willing for any sort of an adventure

REASONS WHY CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIAR-RHOEA REMEDY IS THE BEST.

1 Because if affords almost instant relief in case of pain in the stomach,

colic and cholera morbus. 2. Because it is the only remedy that never fails in the most revere

eases of dysentery and diarrhoea 3 Because it is the only remedy that

will cure chronic diarrhoes. Because it is the only remedy .hat will prevent bilious colic.

Because it is the only remed; that will cure epidemical dysentery. Because it is the only remain

that can always be depended upon in cases of cholera infantum Because it is the most prompt and most reliable medicine 'n use for bowel complaints

8 Because it produces no bid reenlis Pecause it is pleasant and safe to

take.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®.

Because it has saved the lives 10 of more people than any other nedicine in the world.

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JAPANESE MISSIONARY.

to Honolulu.

Rev. M. C . Harris, head of the Methodist Church among the Japanese on the Pacific coast and here, returned from Japan by the Dorle yesterday. He will spend several days in the city before returning to California. Mr. Harris is making his home at Mrs. Chapin on Richards street.

The visitor was for many years a missionary in Japan and is still connected with the Methodist work there. Of him one of the latest Japanese papers remarks:

In recognition of valuable services rendered towards the promotion of civilization in Japan during the last three decades, Rev. Dr. Harris will probably be decorated by the Japanese Government ere long.

It is learned that Rev. Dr. M. C. Harris, the Methodist missionary to Japanese, has already received his decoration from the Mikado in appreciation of his work. The honor was bestowed just before Dr. Harris left Japan two weeks ago. It is a decoration of the fourth class, and is given to men for distinguished religious or educational services. Minister Shimamura, the late representative of Japan here, wears a decoration in the same class.

Did Not Want to Die.

HAVANA, July 14.-The story circulated throughout the United States by a Cuban named Jose Paulino Blanco to the effect that the Captain-General had attempted to commit suicide upon receiving notice of the destruction of Cervera's fleet, is a fabrication.

IN A THIRD CLASS CARRIAGE.

Early in February of this year (1894) I was travelling in a third class carriage in the neighbourhood of Glasgow. At a station two women entered the compartment in which I was seat-

ed. One was a girl, gaudily dressed; the other a typical working woman. She had no hat or bonnet, and wore a stuff petticoat, with a snawl wrapped round her. She was the picture of rude, robust health.

The girl asked how her companion was, remarking that she had heard she had been far from well.

"'Deed, but I was," responded the elder woman, "I thocht I was at deith's

"Ah say, what like was the matter wi' ye?"

"I cud dae nae work, if I tried to wash the floor I got siccin a heart beatin', and my stomach fair turned at | 7 the sicht o' food. I went to three docfrom first to last. Much of detail is tors, one after anither, and they gae me bottles and bottles, but it didna known. Lieut. Young throws some help me ana till a frien' tellt me to new light on the actual happenings in try Mother Siegel's Syrup. Wuman, in several quarters in the days of the a week I was better and fin I had ta'en middle of January, 1893, and makes it a month I was a' richt and could o

Then they went on talking of other subjects. Go where one may he is likely to hear some good said about Mother Siegel and what is done by her famous medicine. Sometimes it is in the form of a bit of passing talk like the one quoted above; and again it takes the shape of letters, fragrant With gratitude for health received Here is one. We hope many suffering

women will see it and read it. "In August, 1892," says the writer, "I began to feel low, weak, and ailing. My appetite was bad, and what little I ate gave me much pain at the chest I was constantly spitting up a clear fluid like water, and I heaved and strained a good deal. At the pit of my stomach there was a gnawing feeling, and there seemed to be a hard lump formed in my abdomen. In any case I suffered much from pain in that

region. "My breathing got to be very bad, and I wheezed as if the windpipe were clogged and stopped up. I had a hacking cough which gave me but little rest day or night, and I was troubled with night sweats. The pillow my head had lain on would be wet in the morning.

"In two or three weeks after the time I was taken. I was no longer able to take solid food, or indeed food of any kind. I lived for two months on milk, lime water, brandy, and the like During that time I lay helpless in bed

"Often I would have fainting fits. and had to be lifted up and supported was not sucessful in giving me any real relief.

"In the following November, although very ill and low, I was able at times to read a little, and then it was that I read one day about Mother Seigel's Svrup and the wonders it had done for others I sent for it, and less than half a bottle made me feel better. I had a little and retain it. So I went on with the Syrup, and when I had used four bottles the cough and all the other troubles left me, and soon I was as well and strong as before. You are at liberty to publish my letter if you desire, for the good of others who may suffer as I did without knowing where to look for a cure (Signed) Mrs Honoria Brennan, 42 Great Britain Street, Cork. March 17th, 1894"

A good letter, a cheering letter, dated on St Patrick's Day, too. A great thing to be rid of snakes but a greater thing to be rid of indigestion and dyspepsis-more poisonous than any reptile that ever crawled. And that was the dreadful ailment which gave Mrs. Brennan three months of suffering: the allment that the Scotch women talked of in the train; the ailment that inflicts more pain and fills up more graves than all the other allments on earth put together.

And yet Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup cures it as fast as people hear of it and take it. That's why we keep ers Benson, Smith & Co, agents for telling about it, and printing what everybody tells about it over and over.

With torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and pimply humours, instantly relieved by a warm bath with Curicura Soap, and a single anointing with Curicura (ointment), the great skin cure, followed by a full dose of CUTICURA RESOL-VENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humour cures.

üticura

Is sold throughout the world. British depot: F. Newberr & Sons, London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A. W How to Cure Every Skin Humour," post free.

BABY'S SKIN SCALP and Hair Purified & Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

Hollister & Co. Import Cigars direct from Havana.

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Hollister & Co. Import Smoking Tobaccos direct from the Factories.

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Hollister & Co. Have Havana and Manila Cigars in Bond.

Hollister & Co. Are TOBACCONISTS.

Hollister & Co. Are Located at-

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FACTORIES: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal.

J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS AND PURE BONE MEAL.

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OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS, NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH,

FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC Special Manures Manufactured to Order-

The manures manufactured by the California Fertilizer Works are made entirely from clean bone treated with scid. Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ion or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent me-

channel condition and high analysis have no superior in the market.

The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation.

The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FERTILIZES WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality

triffe more appetite and could eat a A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept Constanth on Hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HOROLULE AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

Houses Sold on the Installment Plan -and the Real Estate thrown in.

These houses would not do for you to live in, but they are just the thing for your pet bird. We have them in painted wire, next and very cheap. Then we have the brass sort, some of which are plain in style and low in price and from this sort up to the farcy finished ones that the finest singers are usually allowed to have. Our Parrot and Breeding Cages are strong and neat, just the thing you want for the purpose.

For anything in this line, try

E. O. HALL & SON, Ld.

THE SPICE OF LIFE

May come from many a source. We all enjoy a good laugh and when one considers how easy it is to assume duties which tend to create ill health ized to take risks against the dangers of the it is not remarkable to find so many the most reasonable rates and on the most fearurable terms. who are suffering.

Close attention to one's duties, no matter the nature, sooner or later the labors will soon become a task in this climate. You feel tired, can't eat and relish your meal: imagine you are unrelish your meal; imagine you are unfortunate and long for a change.

NUTRINE

Just think a moment and consider whether the cause of your ill feelings are not due to lack of tone to your stomach, thereby overtaxing your nerve force, which eventually wrecks the whole organism.

Try a few bottles of a true and tried remedy which has no equal as a system toner and health producer. Your physician endorses it It will build you up and make you feel well again

TIRES

Your druggist carries it in stock. If not ask him to get it. It has no super-

Single bottle, 35 cents. Three bottles for \$1.00.

SOLE AGENTS.

TIMELY TOPICS

July 27, 1898.

Harness.

There is lots to be said about harness, and especially poor harness. Good harness sells itself wherever found.

There is little to be said about tee line of harness we carry, except that our guarantee goes with every set.

+++

CHEAP SINGLE HARNESS (With breast strap)

GOOD HARNESS WITH COLLAR AND HAMES

SURRY HARNESS

EXPRESS WAGON HARNESS DUMP CART HARNESS

DOUBLE HARNESS WITH COL-LAR AND HAMES

DOUBLE HARNESS FOR MULL

In fact there is not a har- THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ld. ness made that requires outside purchasing on our part.

You can't do better than buy first-handed. We can save you money.

307 FORT ST.

| Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to manre risks again three on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Verchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAELER & Co. Agents.

German Lloyd Marine Insur'ce Co OF BERLIN. Fortuna General Insurance Co

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here and the undersigned, general skents, are author the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAKFER & Co., Gen. Agts.

General Insurance Co. for Sea, River and Land Transport, of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawanan Islands the under-signed general agents are authorized to take

Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Co OF HAMBURG.

Total reichsmarks - - - 117,600,000

North German Fire Insurance Co OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and re-Total reichsmirks - - - - 43,830,000

The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Hawaiian Islands, a e prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Ma-chinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire, on the most favorable terms. H. HACKFELD & CO., Ltd.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1867, £13,558,989.

Authorized Capital...£3,000,000 £ £13 558,989 8 9

Revenue Fire Branch Revenue Life and Annuity Branches 1,551,377 3 1,376,611 1 £2,927 938 4 9

The Accumulated Fords of the Fire and Life Departs en s are free from liability in respect of each other. ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.,

Agents for the Hawailan Islands.

(ASTLE& OOKE LO MPORTERS.

LIFE AND FIRE

AGENTS FOR

New England Mulaol Life Insurance Co OF BOSTON.

Elna fire insurance Company OF HARTFORD.

INSURANCE.

Davies & Co. (Limited)

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company, OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND

LIFE. Established 1836 ACCUMULATED FUNDS £3 9"5 000

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co OF LIVERPOOF FOR A MINE

> 5 + 2 471 INSTITUTE FASS SO OF CLAIMS

J. S. WALKER.

General Agent the Hawalian Islands:

ALIJANCE MARINE AND GENERAL INSURANCE CO. WILHELMA OF MADGEBURG INSUR-

"IN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA; SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL Rm. 12. Spreckels Blk. Honolulu, H. I.

Read the Hawaiian Gasetts (Semi-Weekly).

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Plan for Their Work-Should Be Received in Home-Taught Industrial Acts.

(Published by request of the Woman's Board.)

To the Woman's Board of the Paciprogram committee asked me to speak to you again before my departure from the Islands, they left me entirely free let them be taught that no work need to choose a topic. After much thought be mental if the worker will dignify it; I have determined to ask you to consider the needs of destitute white children in Honolulu, especially white girls. the best care of household furniture. Mrs. Parker Talks of Moth-Are there Hawaiian boys or girls to be guided, guarded or taught? Several doors open readily to such. Are there Portuguese children? We know how successful the able corps of workers in sible, from the grown up bables who the Protestant Portuguese work has have had years of training and who friend, in many instances they have found comfort and protection through when white children are deprived of creasing need here of some place to which waifs may be sent is evident to been so small that it could be easily attended to by private effort. Now the cry continually comes " What can we do with these children!" Within a year a family of children who were left motherless and who had no father, pense to the Salvation home in California. Many of you know of the dimwere sent after great effort and exculty in having them landed and that charge must be blessed with Christian it was only after a San Francisco news- common sense, a steady nerve, a healpaper had given its bond to protect the children from becoming paupers, that they were allowed ashore. That plan can hardly be tried again under present conditions, neither can we expect even with annexation, that another state would support Hawaii's poor. They are here—I believe that the "Forasmuch as ye did it to one of the least skinned babies. The cry of these children is in our ears and we are already

with our modern, intelligent, clear- compensate for the protection and care sightedness. I have long been an ar- which she might receive in a private dent advocate of the plan followed by family. several associations in Massachusetts and New York. Homes are found in the are good and the moral conditions admirable and where some lowly loving remember that it was here that the heart is ready to mother two or three little children who can grow up in this genial atmosphere like the brothers and sisters of one family. The conditions we should perhaps call homely; but they are wholesome and God-fearing and loving. After three years innumerable questions, I have regretfully come to the conclusion that this who, with the secretary (making a plan could never succeed here. Hallel to the country homes of the Eastern states. We have no rural life except in settlements where degraded! Orientals are a potent influence even with the white people. I feel sure you will question this statement, but if you will study our rural life and compare it with that of New England and the Middle States, you will a knowledge that while the almonies i may not have impressed their low thoughts and necessary to guard against a loving practices on the white colliner they sympathetic interest, which will tend have so perverted the sor at a medicus to turnish surroundings of convenience been the cause of sull dominating and comfort superior to those which manner, such as keep-your-distanted. despise-you air that the white children grow up with the entirely false lives there sixteen-year-old girls living in eyes and the laborer is despised.

work be done?

are will have to have an institution make such institutions conspicuous. At the same time I do not for a man There should be no uniform dress, no ment drope that we will be judged and design two grades. The life should be found wanting if we allow ourselves as nearly as possible modeled after

generation some means of self-matin on the not because they no longer receive support only that, they must be a source been been the treasury of the sector. eve that there are better later assum. Obt for the pen of a girl is that I the morely than they have freezest of might draw for you three a course -

infants for the nursery but the corps if helpers who should sew, cook, wash make themselves kindly useful.

caughter of a mechanic or day laborer All her discipline is in the form of who must earn her own living there "don't do this," "don't go there," "you is no way in which she can so easily accomplish that end as in domestic then a whipping. Stop, think of your service. Especially is this so here, own children! Even from them with service. Especially is this so here, I think, for in most houses their quick intelligence and inheritwoman where WAS READ TO WOMAN'S BOARD employed a Japanese or Chinese tiful lives to result from such training, man does the heavy work. A selfrespecting maid servant, who could lying, loving low things and self ingive intelligent care to young children, act as housekeeper's assistant, seam- dark to draw, but the motto it carries stress, or mother's helper could certainly find ready employment. The cash wages might not be very large. but when the board, room and washing shows a life trained to self contro:, a month the total is not small. The girl will find in addition that she generally has her evenings free. In most ful or the awful, and with that memory instances the use of a sewing machine to meet the Master. fic: When, several weeks ago, your will be readily given, so her clothes need cost very little.

I should say-take into the home, at first some girls in their early teens, let them learn, under wise guidance and from daily experience, of the needs of little children; teach them the care, linen, etc., etc.; let them learn to do laundry work and make them intelligent and useful with needles and scissors. When these first girls go from the shelter supply their places, if pos-Should Chinese girls need a will have many less false estimates of life to contend with.

For the little children let there be the intelligent work which Mr. Damon a place made in the free kindergarten superintends. The same is true of the for foreign children and later let Gulicks in their Japanese work. But them be sent to the public schools. Should any child show evidence of their parents and support our present any especial gift let it be cultivated, machinery is entirely inadiquate to that the mature life may benefit by the in education and will not be solely for the occasion. That there is an ever in- God-given talent which without an intelligent discovery and training might tion for children of Hawaii is an import have lain buried. I should think it ant one and the Industrial Institute and each of you. Heretofore this class has might be quite practicable to admit some baby boys, but they should be dustrial work with school work furnishes removed at an early age to one of the boarding schools for boys.

I realize that my mind picture is alof attainment. All will depend on the matron, the superintendent, the moththy body, and out of necessity, be a cultured woman: She must be one who has worked and believes in work. Then all who advise and mould the policy must clearly understand the object-to take girls from the street and to fit them for a useful life, not a life of ease, not for school teaching, not even, of necessity, for matrimony; a life of dignified self-respecting Christof these" was spoken of these fair ian service. Do not misunderstand me. I would not train them away from marriage, but that should not be responsible—let us haste to fulfill the the goal. Many of them would un-Master's plan! The question is one of coubtedly marry and create wholesome method not choice. How shall the happy homes; but many would not. Let them look forward to a life of self-More than once during my work in reliance. Show them that a certain the East I have lifted up my voice and part of the money received, if saved used my plan in opposion to the plan each year will provide them with of gathering large groups of children ample means for years of old age and in institutions. The character so de- times of illness. Make them realize veloped seems always to bear, more or that no home could quite suit their less conspicuously, the brand of its taste; show them the great advantage type, and that is a kind we all know of a home with a private family. Proto be far from ideal. What every tection, kindly interest, care during child needs is a home and a mother. illness, and for most books and papers We feel that the incubator type of a to read; and cultivated home life in home and the universal mother of a which they may have a part and a hundred children in none of whom she share of respect so long as they are has the natural interest, is very far worthy of it. The independence of from the goal which we would reach the seamstress' rented room can never

> Now as to the organization-I know that the present demands upon this Board are many and call for large Free Kindergarten and Children's Aid Society was formed, cared for and guided till it could stand alone and now I would appeal to you this second time for the good of the children. I should suggest a simple organization. A general secretary for children's aid might be added to the Executive board. She committee of five) should be responsthis Board a quarterly, or monthly, refor questions or advice. The difficult matron. When she has been discovithem. ered I should say "It is time to begin." My thought represents a plain, simple home, where there is happiness and mutual service. It will be continually the waifs will find in the homes where they will later serve. When there are

of what social classes owe each other the home I should think there would tabor no longer has dignity in the rate no further need of hirel servants Sa ter as passible I should do away Lam which the conclusion that here with the customs which frequently to slip out ton the errors of the past the family tife, each helping, each adding to the common comfort, and I know of several families of little happiness. That this and might be children who should be cared for in more easily mached I should never let some other was than the only one the family raised twenty members. available at present that of putting when that I m t his been reached if them in chesp been he houses where there are more needy ones another the best of intention, must seave them. The gapers store should be responsible super: All Colors of Colors of Sand to Mark themselves. And they should not color at mored warships. There are severy noted to themselves. And they should not color at mored warships.

supportune woman more of the musi elemanty by a loveless chickbook. In dealers, Benson, Smith & Co. agents of meningitis, from which the dein some way be made attractive to speaking of one of these little ones a for H. I.

these girls who were born with an in- friend said to me, "Oh! yes, she has heritance of low tendencies. You see she has enough to eat and is kept clean, aiready have in mind not only the but no one ever loves her, I don't beheve she has ever been kissed since the stiff lips of her dying mother and iron, and care for the babies- touched the baby for the last time. Of course she is naughty and sulky, but I believe most sincerely that for the | no one ever tells her of better things. are the worst girl in Honolulu," and would be ances of virtue could you expect beauwould not they, too, grow up deceitful, dulgent? The second picture is too is "For if they do these things in the green tree, what shall be done in the dry." Luke 23:31. The third picture are added to the ten or twelve dollars responsive to sympathy, loving the to obtain any direct confirmation of best things. It is for you to hang the walls of your memory with the beauti-

· LUCIA L. M. BIRNIE.

CHILD STUD

ers and Their Influence.

Plans For General Armstrong Institute-Lecture on Dress Today-Last Session Tonight.

Col. Parker's last lecture will be given in Progress hall this evening. His talk will be to educators and all interested teachers. The problem of the best educathe coordination of agricultural and ina solution of the local difficulties. Col. Parker will point out this evening some lines of work for the home and the school most ideal, but I believe it possible along these lines. They are applicable to Hawasians, and to Europeans, and Asiatics as well. This morning Mrs. Parker will talk on "Dress," at her last lec ture of the session. Mrs. Parker's lectures have been intensely interesting and valuable and her subject for this morning was selected by request.

Yesterday Col. Parker talked of plans to pursue in the schools along industrial lines. The discussion became general and many suggestions, handed in by the teachers, were read and commented on. They all suggested lines of work which could the most prolitably be pursued with the mixed character of the pupils and the material. Every teacher, Col. Parker said, should join the Institute and work faithfully. It would show the Government and the people that the work is valuable and that honest effort is being made to give instruction which will direct the energies and interest of the children along practical lines. He said it would not be a wise plan to distribute tools and land and plants indiscriminately. The teacher must be ready and prepared to give the children good instruction. The great movement toward interest in industrial pursuits cannot come immediately. It will come school by school. He advised an exchange of ideas and the creation of a collection of results of this work in the schools. teachers, were read and commented on.

Col. Parker said the teachers must not

work in the schools.

Col. Parker said the teachers must not expect to produce things in the schools of any commercial value. He was not sure whether it is a good plan to make things in the schools to sell. But that was not the point which he wished to raise. It was that if the Islands can show that horficulture is the basis they will do more good in industrial work than Massachusetts has ever done. None of this work should be taught in isolated form. It is correlative with literary work.

Mrs. Parker talked on Child Study. She gave a history of the efforts in Chicago of women to break down old prejudices, and root out old ideas of how schools should be conducted, of what their school room furniture should consist, of how their school houses should be built. This has been largely the efforts of the mothers who are at iast becoming vitally interested in what should constitute a child's education according to his need and his personality. She said the most favorable and economic time for training children is before they are nine years old. This is the receptive age, the child is taking in things and forming concepts. After 3 the child begins to generalize, A fiter 3 the child begins to generalize. After 3 the child begins to generalize. A logical preparation of a course of study is one thing, what a child needs is another. She spoke of the care of nervous children and emphasized the great need of proper exercise and proper dress.

IMMIGRATION PILIKIA.

VANCOUVER (B. C.), July 14.-Japanese Consul-General Parsons notails of work. They should bring to tified the Colonial Governments of Australia that Japanese capitalists port, at which time they should ask contemplated buying large tracts of land in Australia with the intention problem would be the finding of a of settling Japanese immigrants on

> It is reported that the reply to the Japanese Consul was an emphatic, "Don't," and intimated in some instances that legislation tending to prevent Japanese immigration was in contemplation and the Government of Japan would be notified.

Numerous editorials in the Austraan press are headed "White Austraia" and the statement is made in the news columns that the Government of Hindostan has been notified that Indian immigration will be stopped, the reason assigned being that since the brilliant reception of the sporting indian Prince, Ranjit Sinji, Hindoos have been swarming into Australia in startling numbers.

MORE WARSHIPS

KEY WEST (Fla.). July 14.-The Spanish prize ships Catalina, Miguel domici cor residence. Jover, Buena Pentura and Guida, captured during the early days of the nized as now and correct war, were taken north by the gunboat an overworked of electoress with even centre of influence must be of the Newport today. The Buena Ventura the best of intent or must seave them. The supervisors should be responsible and Guida have been bought at the much of the time of the simple of the also for finding situations for the girls. United States Marshalls sale by the The residue of the riskry is who become capable of supporting Government and will be made into ma has been profoundly moved by the

You may hunt the world over and pro will not find another medicine A self-respecting, hard work not self- The children, perhaps for receiting plaints. It is pleasant, safe and re- coner's fury was that the act was the supporting woman must be not only physical suffering now, but remped liable. For sale by all druggists and to temporary insanity in consequence

The Suggestive Tender By an Empress.

Chinese Dowager and Her Faction. She Has Singled Out Statesmen for Destruction.

A very dramatic and sensational story is circulating in high native society, says a writer for the China Gazette and though I have been unable u, I think it bears every appearance of probability.

Ever since the death of Prince Kung the power of the Empress Dowager and her faction has been steadily increasing. The most remarkable manifestation of the renewal of her evil influence has been the degradation of her formidable old antagonist Weng Tunghe, and now the story goes that Prince Ching and Chang Yin-huan have both been singled out by her for destruction. It appears to be certain at any rate that Chang Yin-huan's house has lately been raided by the Empress's emissaries, who searched for something or other that the terrible old woman is anxious to get hold of, and sealed the premises up.

It is now reported, to the great excitement of all the high officials, that the Empress a few days ago sent Prince Ching a white robe, the recognized symbol that the recipient has the Imperial permission to commit suicide, and that if he does not take the hint the powers that be will take effective steps to secure his departure to a more peaceful sphere.

Whether Prince Ching will carry out the Empress's wishes in this respect, or elect to remain where he is and defy her, remains to be seen.

REFORMS_PROPOSED.

Plaus to Relieve Money Distress in Japan. With a view to relieving the present

financial distress, Messrs. Amenomiya of Yokohama, and other leading business men of Tokyo have filed a petition with the Japanese Government urging the necessity of adopting the following measures for that purpose: 1. To allow foreigners to possess

local public bonds or the shares of private companies. 2. To nationalize all private rail-

ways, and for that purpose to introduce a bill into the 13th session of the Diet. 23. The purchase of public loan bonds by the Government to be continued till the amount purchased reaches 20 mil-

lion yen at least. 4. That the issue of bank notes above the present limit be permitted to the amount of 50 million yen, and the rate of taxation for such, reduced sugar valued at \$228,212. from 7 to 5 per cent.

That the rate of interest on loans granted to individuals or private concerns by the Bank of Japan, be reduced, and the requirements for securities for loans be made less stringent.

Japanese Business Scandal.

A great and unpleasant sensation upwards of yen 700,000 have been perpetrated by the Japanese clients of the Hyogo Warehouse Company, since last spring. These merchants, who show the following sugar now awaitare among the best known in Kobe, ing shipment at various plantations: taking advantage of the lack of supervision on the part of the Company's 2,500; Kealia 9,000; Pahaia, 1,434; Paofficials, removed from time to time cific Sugar Mill, 5,000; Honokaa, 8,000; their deposited goods with the idea of and Lahaina, 2,600. mortgaging them elsewhere. The frauds were successfully carried on until suspicion was at length aroused by the discovery that the returns were far in excess of the storage capacity of the premises of the Company, as compared with other warehouses. Several foreign firms and banks have been victimized. The frauds in question, give, as it were, says the Japan Herald, another black eye to Japanese commercial credit.

Japanese Marriage Law.

The Government announces the amendment of Notification No. 103 permitting marriages between foreigners Steamers and Japanese, passed by the Diet as follows

 in the case of a foreigner being adopted as a son or frimuko (person who is adopted by another and at the same time marries the daughter of a house which he is to represent after alliances, permission is required to be obtained from the Minister for Home Affairs.

2 The permission shall be given by the Manister for Home Affairs to any applicant, in case the foreigner to be adopted or to be made frimuko, provides the following qualifications: (a) Those who have stayed in Ja-

pan more than one year, with a fixed the Those whose conduct is recog

An Editor's Suicide.

The ficeless community of Yokobaspicific of Mr. Henry, Tennant, the edftor of the Japan Gazette, who shot himself with a revolver on the mornequal to Chamberlain's Colie, Cholera ing of the 11th inst. at his residence and Diarrhoea Remedy for howel com- on the Bluff. The version of the Cor-

Amarapoora in Trouble.

A warrant has been forwarded from Shanghai to the British Consul in Che- Honokaa. foo for the arrest of the stranded steamer Amarapoora, which ran ashore on the S. E. Promontory in a fog early in May, says the Japan Mail. It seems that the master and managing owner declined to leave the vessel, and, as no enquiry into the accident could be held in the absence of the master, this course has had to be adopted to force

matters to a conclusion. The Amarapoora may be remembered as having had considerable difficulty in getting a cargo from British Columbia to Honolulu last year. She finally came loaded with cement and lumber.

Three Sugar Cargoes.

Three vessels cleared at the custom house yesterday with full cargoes of

sugar.

The brigantine W. G. Irwin, for San Francisco, had 7,497 bags of sugar shipped by W. G. Irwin & Co., H von Holt and T. H. Davies & Co., 34 bags of coffee by W. C. Peacock & Co., and a lot of rice shipped by M. Phillips & Co., M. S. Grinbaum & Co., and Hymen Brothers.

The ship Aryan for New York had 67,123 bags of sugar, 6,729,690 pounds, valued at \$238,426 and shipped by C. Brewer & Co., (16,509 bags) account of Fahala plantation, Castle & Cooke (18,712 bags) account of Ewa plantation, and W. G. Irwin & Co., (18,212 bags) account of Makawell plantation.

The bark R. P. Rithet, for San Francisco, had 33,241 bags of sugar, 3,926,672 pounds, valued at \$139,225, and shipped by Castle & Cooke (12,130 bags) account of Ewa plantation, C. Brewer & Co. (3,180 bags) and F. A. Schaefer & Co. (17,931 bags).

They Fly Old Glory.

The late Hawaiian bark Nuuanu, at New York, owned by C. Brewer & Sons, New York, owned by C. Brewer & Sons, of Boston, Mass., floated the American flag from her main truck on July 7th, on receipt of the news of the annexation on Hawaii. Her master, Captain Josselyn, and her owners were proud to see the Stars and Stripes floating over her. She attracted general attention as she lay at pier 17, East River, on the following day, as she was dressed out with the former colors of Hawaii at the fore, her house flag and Old Glory. Her owners have in the fleet three other foreign built vessels which now fly the U. S. flag owing to annexation. They are the ship Helen Brewer, barks Foohng Suey and Iolani.

Notice to Ship Captains. U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office, San Francisco, Cal.

By communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco, captains of vessels who will co-operate with the Hydrographic Office by recording the meterological observations suggested by the office; can have Point Reyes) bk. J. C. Glade from Hoforwarded to them at any desired port, and free of expense, the monthly pilot for Kahului; July 16, sch. Albert Meycharts of the North Pacific Ocean and er for Kahului. the latest information regarding the dangers to navigation in the waters which they frequent,

Mariners are requested to report to the office dangers discovered, or any other information which can be utilized for correcting charts or sailing directions, or in the publication of the pilot charts of the North Pacific.

w. s. hughes, Lieutenant, United States Navy.

WHARF AND WAVE.

The ship Henry B. Hyde which arrived in New York, July 19th, from Honolulu, sailed from this port March 30th last with a cargo of 4,022 tons of

Six sailing vessels left this por terday for the Coast; the ship E. B. Sutton, bark John C. Potter and schooner Orient for Royal Roads, the ship Aryan for New York, and the brigantine W. G. Irwin and bark R. P. Rithet for San Francisco.

Eleven cabin passengers and 147 Japanese and 123 Chinese in the steerage comprised the passengers from Yokohas been created in commercial circles hama by the Doric, which arrived yesby the discovery that frauds involving terday morning. She brought the usual cargo of Oriental freight and sailed for San Francisco in the afternoon.

The last reports from steamers arriving at Honolulu from these ports Makaweli, 900; Koloa, 2,500; Ahukini,

MARRIED.

JESSUP-WILLIAMS—In this city, July 25, 1898, by the Rev. D.P. Birnie, Mrs. Phoebe Williams to Mr. William Jessup, both of this city.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.

Steamers due and to sail today and for the next six days are as follows: ARRIVE.

Kinau-Hilo

From

..July 29

| Moroiii— Kaunak | akai | July | 0 |
|---|---|---|-------|
| Mikahala—Nawii | wili | July | 3 |
| Claudine-Kahult | ai | July | 3 |
| Upolu—Honoipu | | Aug. | |
| Gaelic-San Fran | ncisco | Aug. | |
| Aorangi-Sydney | | Aug. | |
| W. G. Hall,—All | Kauai | Aug. | |
| Warrimoo-Victo | жіте | Апд. | |
| Glenfarg-Yokoh | ama | . , , Aug. | |
| DE | PART. | | |
| | _ | | 15 |
| Steamers. | For | 58 | 71 |
| Steamers. Noesu — Honokaa | For | Sa July | 2 |
| Noeau - Hopokaa | | . juju | 2 |
| Noeau—Honokaa Mauna Loa—Kot | | July | 2 |
| Noeau—Honokaa Mauna Loa—Kot W. G. Hall—All | а Капаі | July | 2 2 |
| Noeau-Honokaa Mauna Loa-Kor W. G. Hall-All Mokolij-Kaunak | Kanai | July July July Aug. | 2 2 |
| Noeau—Honokaa Mauna Loa—Kot W. G. Hall—All Mokolii—Kaunak Kinau—Hilo | Kauai | July July July Aug. Aug. | 2 2 |
| Noeau—Honokaa Mauna Loa—Kot W. G. Hall—All Mokolii—Kaunak Kinau—Hilo Gaelic—Yokohan | Kauai | July July July Aug. Aug. Aug. | 2 2 |
| Noesu-Honokas Mauna Lor-Kor W. G. Hall-All Mokolii-Kaunak Kinau-Hilo Gaelic-Yokohan Upolu-Kohala | Kauai kakai aa and Kona. | July July July Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. | 2 2 |
| Noesu-Honokaa Mauna Loa-Kor W. G. Hall-All Mokolii-Kaunak Kinau-Hilo Gaelic-Yokohan Upolu-Kohala ! Aorangi-Yictori | Kauai | July July July Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. | 2 2 2 |
| Mokolii—Kaunak Kinau—Hilo Gaelic—Yokohan Upolu—Kohala Aorangi—Victori Warrimoo—Sydn | Kauai Kauai takai 18 Mand Kona B | July July Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. | 2 2 2 |
| Noesu-Honokaa Mauna Loa-Kor W. G. Hall-All Mokolii-Kaunak Kinau-Hilo Gaelic-Yokohan Upolu-Kohala ! Aorangi-Yictori | Kauai Kauai takai 18 Mand Kona B | July July Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. | 2 2 2 |

ARRIVED AT HONOLULU.

Tuesday, July 25. Br. simr. Doric, Smith, 1014 days from Yokohama; pass and mose, to H. Hackfeld & Co.

from Kallua. Simr. Ke Au Hou. Thompson, 14 hrs. from Waimea, Kanal.

Wednesday, July 27. Haw, bk. Manna Ala, Smith, 13 days; er, etc., valued at \$39,471.

from San Francisco, 1,770 tons muse to W. G. Irwin & Co. Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, 18 hrs. from

Am. bk. Kate Davenport, Reynolds, 30 days from Nanaimo, 1,762 tons coal

for I. I. S. N. Co. Schr. Lady, Martin, 12 hrs. from

Heela. Stmr. Iwa, Townsend, 8 hrs. from

Waialua. Schr. Waialua, 25 hrs. from Hanalel. Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, 6 hrs. from Walmanalo.

Thursday, July 28. US. Troopship Pennsylvania, Doxrud, 9 days from San Francisco.

SAILED FROM HONOLULU.

Stmr. Kaena, Parker, Kahuku. Br. stmr. Doric, Smith, San Franciacó.

Stmr. Mikahala, Thompson, Nawili-Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, Kahulul. Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, Wal-

manalo. Schr Moi Wahine, Sam, Paaullo. Schr Kaulkeauli, Kamaka, Kohala.

Wednesday, July 27. Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Thompson, Ka-

Thursday, July 28. Stmr. Kauai, Bruhn, Kaanapali.

Am. bk. John C. Potter, Meyer, Royal Roads. Am. sh. Aryan, Dickenson, New

Am. sh. E. B. Sutton, Carver, Puget Sound. Am. sch. Orient, Saunders, Puget Sound.

York.

Am. bk. R. P. Rithet, Thompson, San Francisco. Am. brgtn. W. G. Irwin, Williams,

San 'Francisco. Stmr. Iwa, San Francisco, Kalalau. Stmr. Kaena, Parker, Waialua.

FOREIGN PORTS.

NEW YORK-Arrived, July 17, ship Henry B. Hyde, 109 days from Honolulu.

SAN FRANCISCO-Arrived, July 15, stmr. Gaelic, 61/2 days from Honolulu; July 17, bark Alden Besse, 29 days from Honolulu; bktn. Geo. C. Perkins, 25 days from Kahului; sch. A. M. Campbell, 25 days from Hilo; July 18, bark Annie Johnson, 28 days from Hilo; bktn. S. G. Wilder, 221/2 days from Honolulu; sch. Mary Dodge, 32 days from Kahului, July 18, (passed nolulu. Sailed, July 15, brig Lurline

BALTIMORE-Cleared, July 16, Br. sh. Philomene for Honoiulu. NEWCASTLE, N. S. W .-- Sailed, June 9, Br. ship Euterpe for Honolulu.

PASSENGERS.

Arrived. From Kauai, per stmr. Ke Au Hou, July 26.—F. W. Glade, Mrs. F. W. Glade, four children and nurse, M. Fernandez.

From Yokohama, per stmr. Doric, July 26.—Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Azbill, Miss Azbill, A. Brown, Miss Halstead, Rev. Dr. M. C. Harris, Miss James, Miss Torrey and Miss Irwin.

From Maui and Hawaii ports, per smtr. W. G. Hall, July 26.—C. Mein-ecke, T. Yema and wife, A. C. Vestal, Miss Willis, Miss Catton, S. M. Kam kua, Miss Nahale, Miss Alapai, Thomas Ena, Father Libert, Mr. Streuback, J. M. Kaneakua and Mrs. Wessels.

Departed.

For San Francisco, per stmr. Doric, July 26.—Mrs. G. W. Miller, Mrs. C. E. Miller, B. Miller, M. Schweitzer, John Fogarty, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Baird, Colonel and Mrs. W. F. Allen, T. L. Dinkelspiel, Rev. and Mrs. D. P. Birnie, A. F. Knudsen, Captain Matson, Mrs. F. W. Macfarlane, Walter Macfarlane, Miss Olga Berger, William Adams, Jr., Tim Look Chow, Matsuoka, Zwakichi, Mr. and Mrs. M. Schlemmer and four children, Miss Gulick, Mrs. A. Gulick, Dr. Rosell.

For Kauai ports, per stmr. Mikahala, July 26.—Miss Schaefer, Mrs. Stratemeyer, A. Dempster, Mr. Askew, Emil Dreier, W. Scheaber, Mrs. Reiche, Miss Reiche, Mrs. Stretz, Mr. Mc-Ginnis, Mrs. Stevens, Dr. T. T. French, F. Waldron, Mrs. Lowell, Wing Yin and wife, Lan Sing, Lau Sam, Ahuna and wife, C. Blake.

For Maul ports, per stmr. Claudine, July 26.-R. R. Berg, Miss Fleming, Miss' A. Krusen, Miss Ward, Miss Alexander, Miss Kana, Mrs. Watson, Y. L. Samson, Adj. Simonson, N. E. Lemon, Miss L. Hopkins, Miss E. Mossman, H. Giles and son, R. F. Woodward, J. D. Wright, S. F. Thomas, A. T. Lewis, C. A. Durphy, E. Vincent, W. Harbird, Mr. Lawson, Otto Meyer, Rev. Egami, Mrs. J. Mahulu, Miss J. Kawaiaea, C. H. Dickey, H. Waterhouse, A. W. Carter, J. O. Young, E. H. F. Wolters, K. Nielson, A. Douse and wife, A. B. Bauman, R. von Tempsky, C. Bolte, Geo. Forsythe and wife, Mrs. Peterson, Mrs. Berkmeyre, Mrs. E. Mossman, Miss Rosie Mossman, Master P. Mossman. For San Francisco, per bk. R. P. Rithet, July 28-Miss P. L. Ely, Mrs. L. W. Hough, Mr. and Mrs. H. I. Mc-Gill, Mrs. M. T. Bluxome, Miss Kate 6 Horner, Miss Edna Horner, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Ewing, E. T. Green, Master

For San Francisco, per brgtn. W. G. irwin, July 28-T. B. Wright, W. D. Lowell, James Peel, Dr. J. C. Riordan, A. W. Barraclough, F. Herbig, T. L. Rice, R. S. Hale, G. B. Root, Rev. M. Hooge.

George Robertson.

IMPORTS.

From San Francisco, per bk. Mauna Als, July 27.-919 bags Fertilizer, 304 cils. Barley, 182 ctls. Oats, 500 bls. Hay, 950 gals, and 55 cs. Wine, 260 pkgs. Beer, 100 bbls. Flour, 1,646 ctls. Barley, 1,217 ctls. Oats, 3,550 sks. Bran, 136 cts. Wheat, 67,000 lbs. Sugar, 190 cs. Cannel Goods, 24 cs. Sewing Ma-Stmr W. G. Hall, Hagland, 18 hrs. chines, 73 pkgs. Dry Goods, 199 bbls. Lime, 403 sks. Middlings, 10 cs. Champagne, 75 tons Pig Iron, 3,750 lbs Tobacco, 50 kgs. Powder, 100 tons Pertilizer, 110 cs. Whisky, 24 rolls Leath-